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Semantic labelling for AD development & validation

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ABOUT US

Non-for-Profit Private Research Institution in Artificial Intelligence, Visual Computing & Interaction

Applied Research & Technology Transfer to the Industry



www.vicomtech.org

+160

+60 ~ 24%



H2020 & INTERNATIONAL



INDUSTRIAL R&D

RESEARCHERS

Ph.D



Semantic labelling for AD development & validation





Context

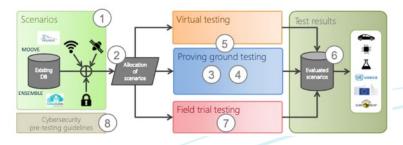


Cloud-LSVA will create Big Data technologies to address the open problem of a lack of software tools, and hardware platforms, to annotate very large-scale datasets in the context of ADAS and Digital Cartography to:

- **Create large training datasets** of visual samples for training models using supervised learning to be used in vision-based detection.
- Generate ground truth scene descriptions based on objects (spatio-temporal) and events (temporal logic actions) to evaluate the performance of algorithms and systems that aim to detect or provide such descriptions.

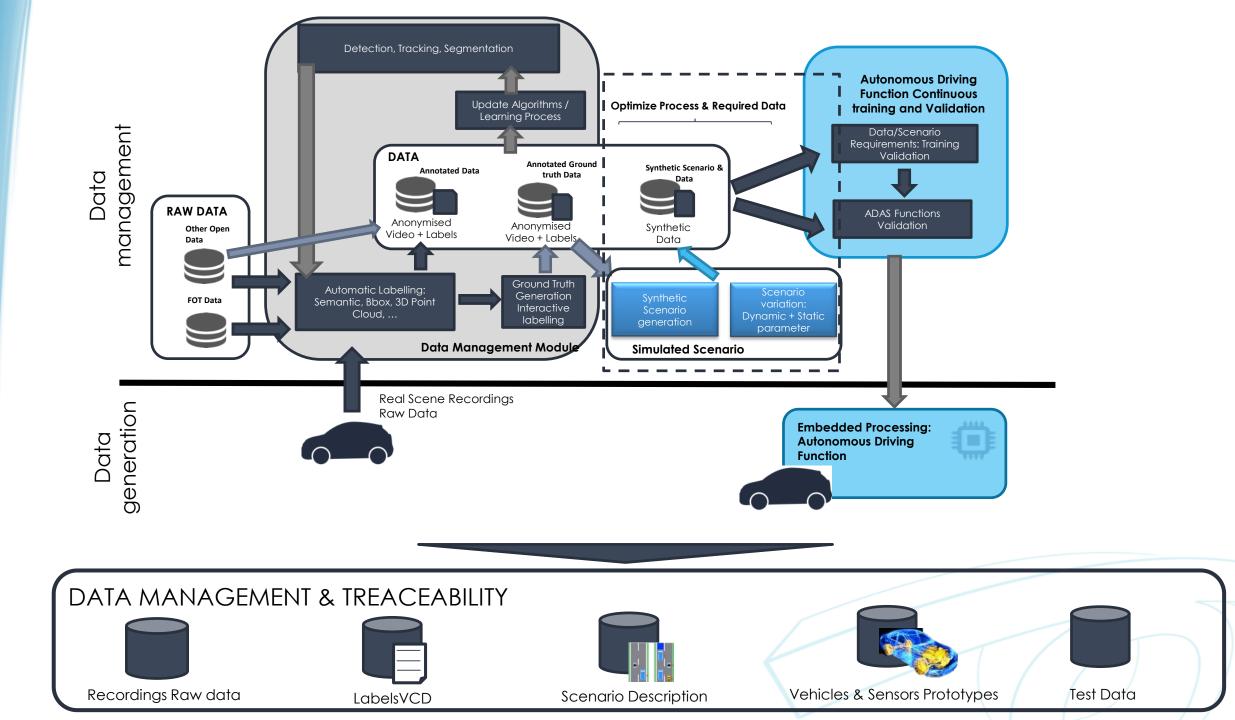
HEADSTART will define **testing and validation procedures** of CAD functions including its key enabling technologies (i.e. communication, cyber-security, positioning) by cross-linking of all test instances such as **simulation**, **proving ground** and **real world field tests** to validate safety and security performance according to the needs of key user groups (technology developers, consumer testing and type approval).

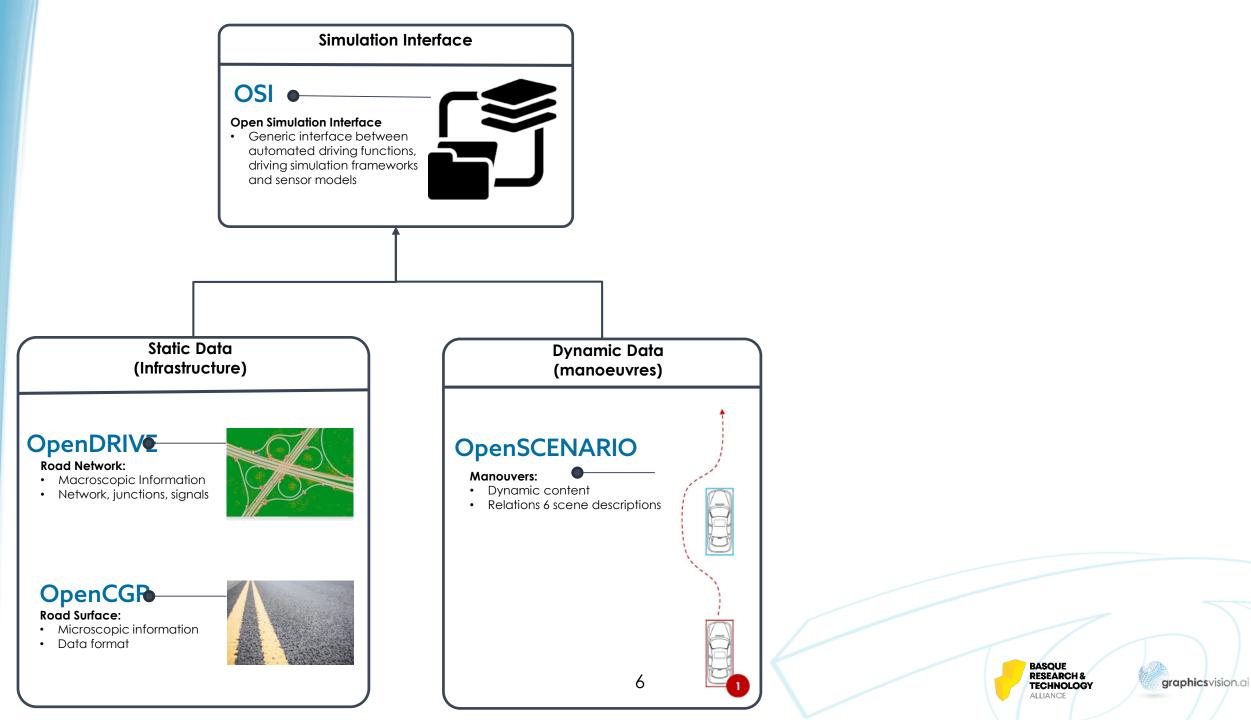


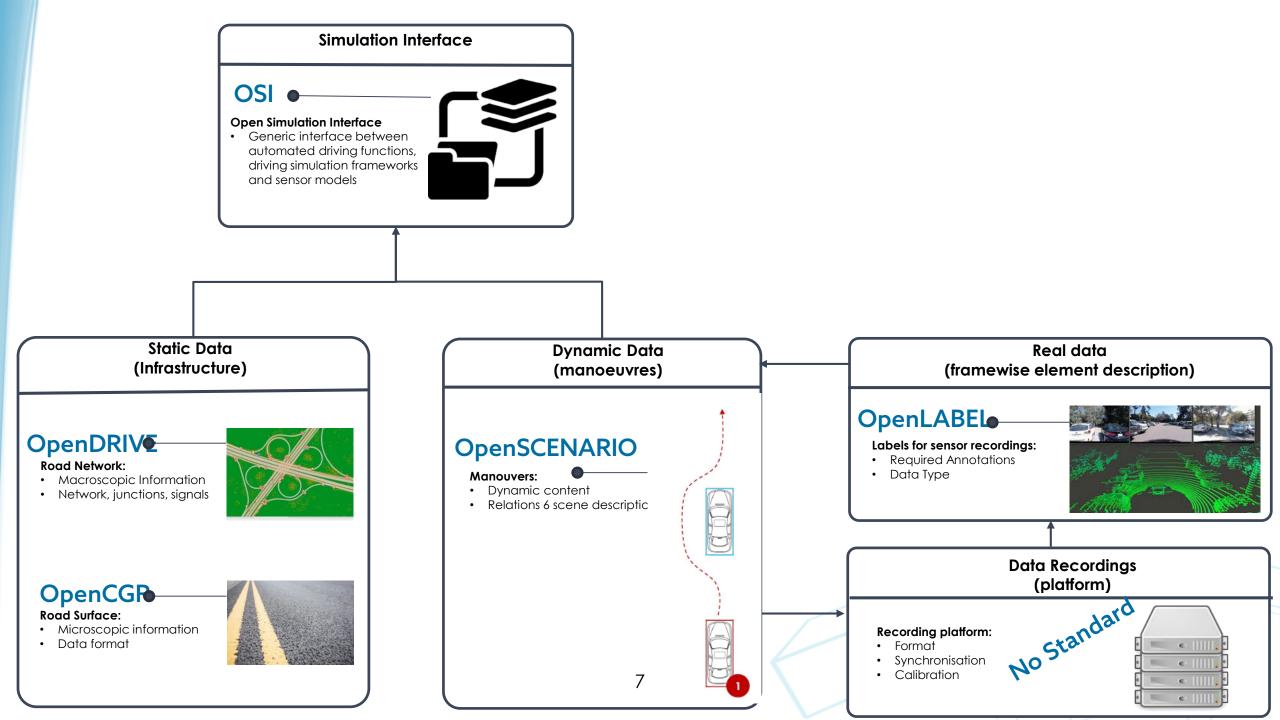


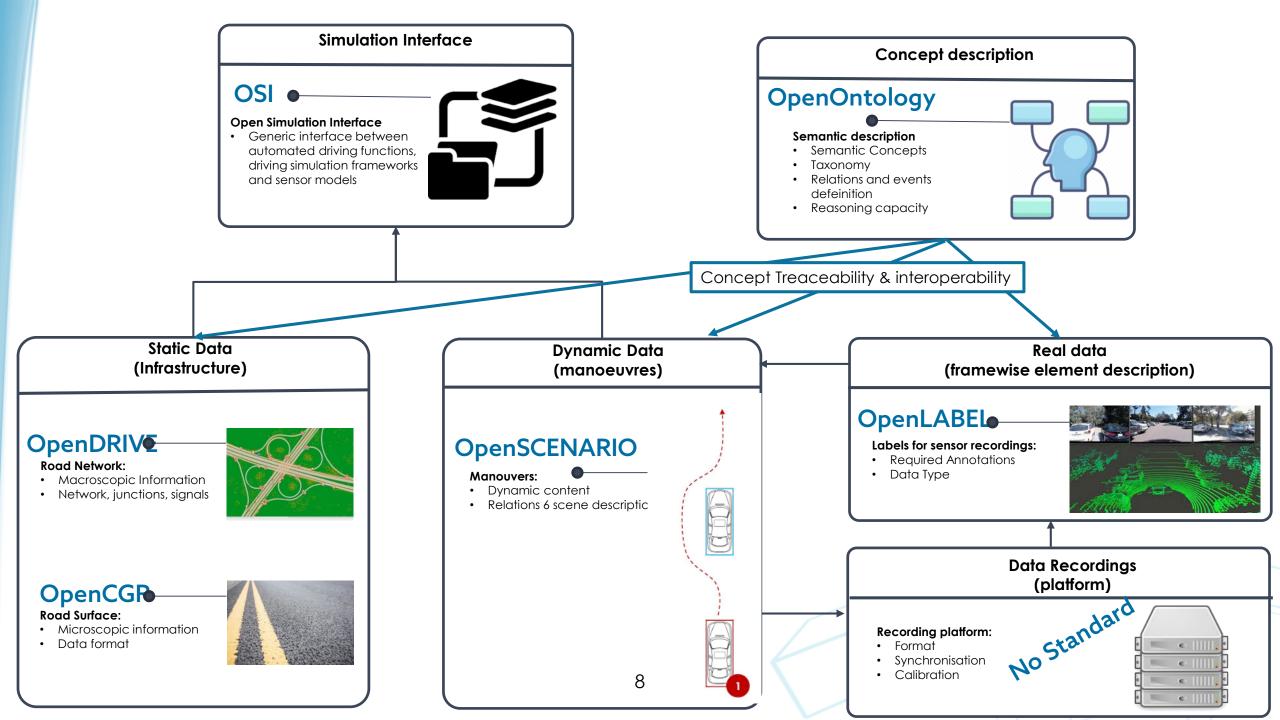


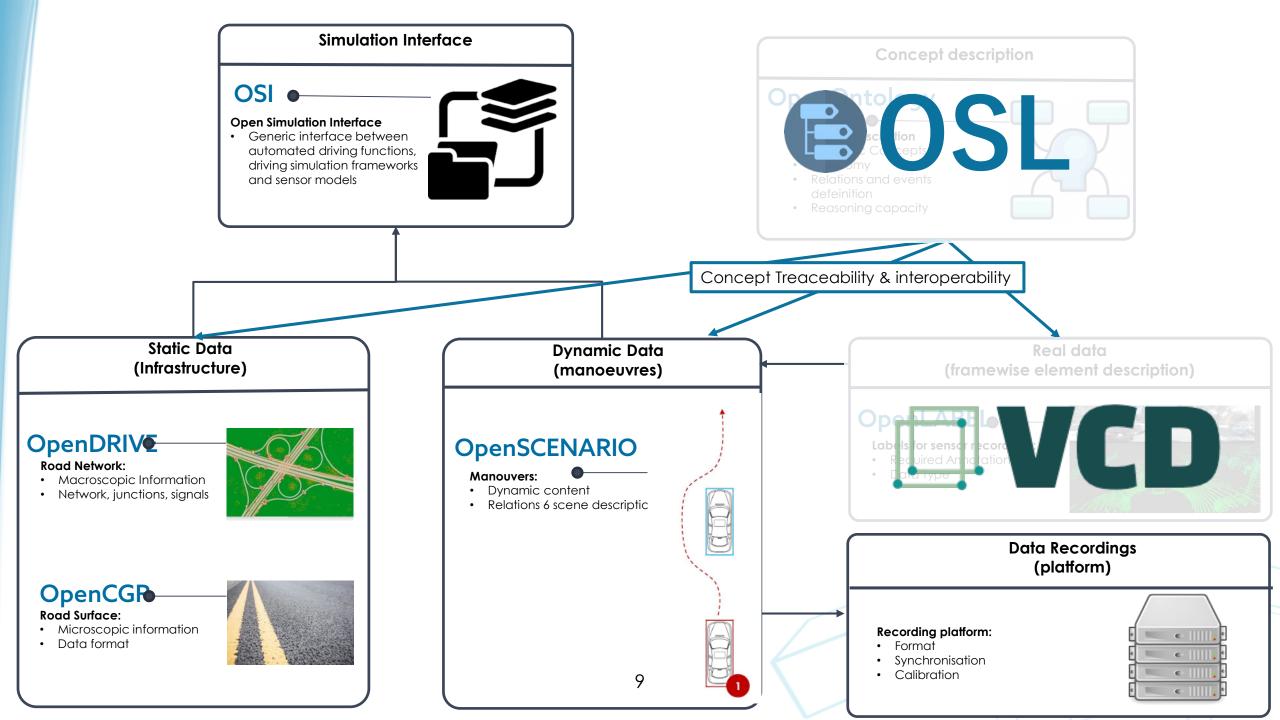
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Labelling format VCD - Video Content Description





VCD Video Content Description

- Description: syntax and tools for multi-• purpose data labelling
- Versions ٠
 - VCD 1.0 2013
 - VCD 2.0 2014
 - VCD 3.0 2018
 - VCD 4.0 2020
- Used by ٠
 - Internal developments at Vicomtech
 - **European Projects H2020**
 - Industrial projects with Vicomtech's costumers







 The idea was born. • First steps on the creation of VCD were taken.

Viulib®

turning vision into reality

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VI-DAS

P-REACT

(module viulib_evaluation). · Element-wise and Frame-wise models. XML and JSON serialization via ASL library.

 Independent C++ library. Element-wise and Frame-wise modes. Multi-sensor support. JSON serialization via ASL library. · Pixel-wise loss-less compression modes.

Lane Navigation Technology

Comparison routines.

 Element and Frame-wise mode simultaneously Multi-sensor and multi-interval Native Python JSON serialization

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E W I S A

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VCD Video Content Description

VCD syntax

- Definition of **Elements**
 - (Actions, Events, Objects, Contexts, Relations)
- Metadata structures
- Frame-wise & Element-wise
- **Object data** primitives
 - name, type, uids
- Links to **ontologies**

Documentation

Schemas (JSON, Proto, TS)

VCD libraries

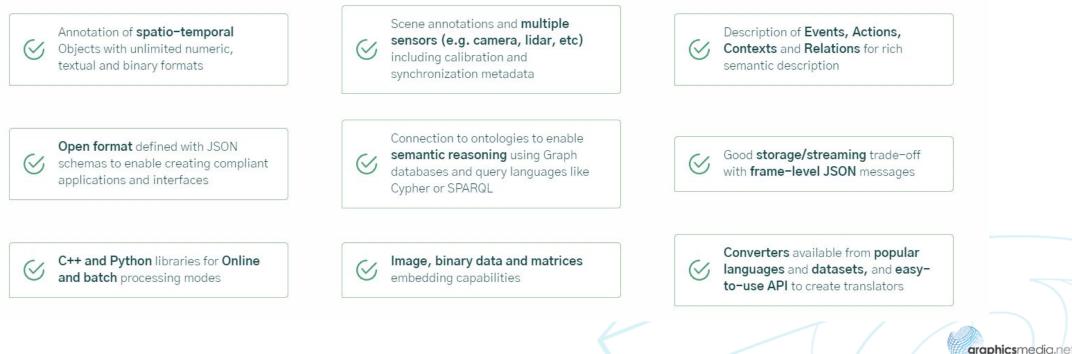
- Create and manage VCD content
 within apps
- Search and process metadata
- Load/Save files
- **Converters** from other formats

SW libraries C++, Python

• Features

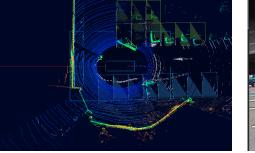
 VCD's structure hosts Objects, Actions, Events, Contexts, Relations defined for multiple-streams, at multiple frame-intervals, at frame-level or static-level, and serializable for storage and communications

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VCD Video Content Description

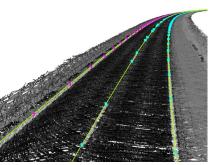
- Metadata which describe the content of a scene in an structured manner
- In many cases, metadata needs to be attached to data series: videos, lidar, static images, etc.
- Annotations need to cover:
 - Object descriptions
 - Spatio-temporal entities
 - Synchronization and timestamps
 - Sensor calibration
 - Numerical ranges
 - Actions and events
 - Time intervals
 - Relations between elements
 - Semantic concepts



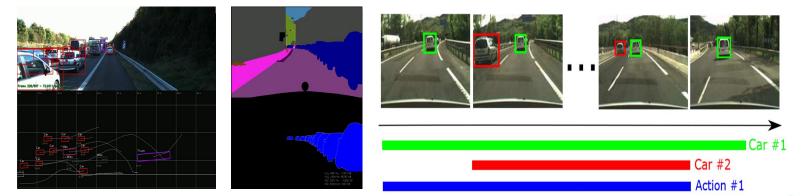
3D Parking slots



3D objects



3D lane markings



2D-3D objects 2D segmentation

Maneouvres (actions)

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VCD Video Content Description

VCD structure

- Elements
 - containers of description of the scene
- Streams
 - description of data sequences/measurements/observations of the scene
- Frames
 - time-wise samples containing elements and streams information

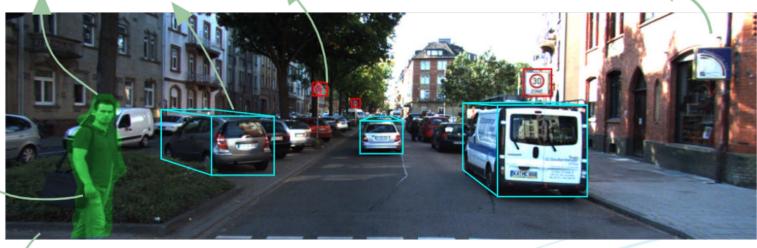
Elements = {Objects, Actions, Events, Contexts, Relations} ٠

Object

Person, signal, car or any object with spatial description (e.g. bounding box) and sensor ID from which it is seen

Context

This is an urban scene, it is sunny it is a sequence from an onboard camera



an action happens:

Action

looking at ego-vehicle crossing

The period of time where

Event

The moment in which the person starts crossing the road

Relation

The object person is the actor of the action, and the event triggers the action. A person crosses the road when is sunny

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Elements = {Objects, Actions, Events, Contexts, Relations}

Objects, and Contexts can be static (no time-information)

e.g.: (pseudo-code expressions)

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Object "Mike" is a "Person" Mike's age is 38 Mike's address is "Calle Mayor 12, Madrid"

Object "TrafficSign1" is a "TrafficSign" TrafficSign1's position is (43.302276, -2.002997) TrafficSign1's class is "Stop" TrafficSign1's visibility is "Poor" TrafficSign1's position's labeled by "Annotator1" TrafficSign1's position's interpolated is "True"

Context "Weather" is "Sunny" Context "Road" is "Urban"

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Static attributes Nested attributes

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Elements = {Objects, Actions, Events, Contexts, Relations}

Objects, Actions, Events, Contexts can be dynamic (defined with time information)

```
e.g.:

Mike's position is (2.6, 5.3, 0.0) at frame = 14

Mike's position's reference is "ISO8855, rear-axle"

Mike's speed is (2.5) at frame = 14

...
```

```
Mike's position is (2.5, 5.2, 0.0) at frame = 15 ...
```

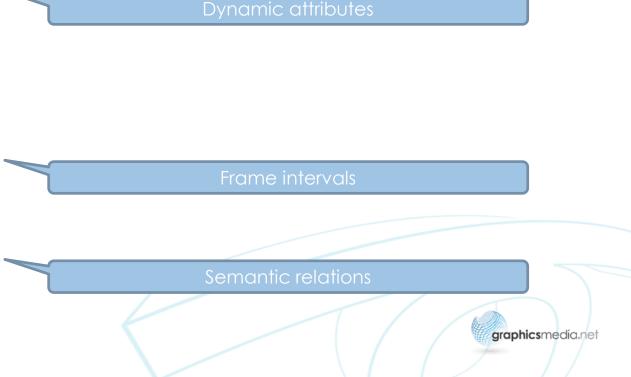
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Action "MikeCrossing" is a "Crossing" Crossing1 happens during frames (15, 270) Action "MikeLooking" is a "Looking" MikeLooking happens during frames [(50, 200), (210, 250)]

Event "MikeStartsCrossing" is a "StartCrossing" MikeStartsCrossing happens at frame (14)

Relation "r1" means "Mike" "isActorOf" "MikeCrossing" **Relation** "r2" means "Mike" "isNear" "TrafficSign1"



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VCD Video Content Description

• Streams

- Metadata: sensor type, properties, calibration, etc.
- E.g. "front-camera", "rear-camera", "top-lidar", "left-lidar", etc.
- Elements can be defined at Stream level
 - E.g. Other vehicle's is at bbox (125, 54, 66, 50) for Stream "front-camera" at frame = 0
 - E.g. Other vehicle's is at cuboid (4.60, 12.01, ...) for Stream "top-lidar" at frame = 0

• ...

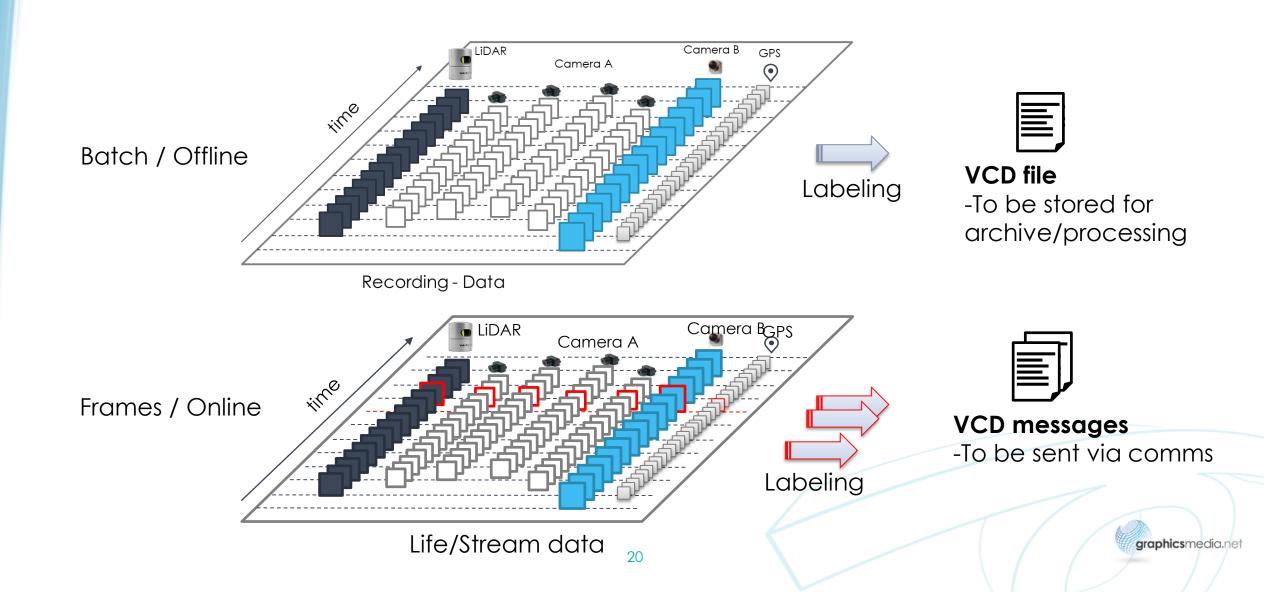
• Frames

- VCD Master frame sequence [0, N]
- Frames { "0": {...}, "1": {...}, ... }
- Stream properties
 - "front-camera"'s frame idx = 2 at (master) frame = 0
 - "rear-camera"'s frame idx = 2 at (master) frame = 1
 - "front-camera"'s frame idx = 3 at (master) frame = 0
 - ...
 - "front-camera"'s timestamp = "2007-11-03T13:18:05.000" at (master) frame = 52



Inter-stream timestamping

VCD Video Content Description



VCD defined with structured schemas

- JSON schema
- From JSON Schema to other formats
 - Google Protobuf
 - TypeScript
- Formal description of structure
- Validates content
- Version control (current v4.0.0)

vcd_schema_json-v4.0.0.json

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VCD Video Content Description

Serializable JSON/Proto

Object "Mike" is a "Person" Mike's age is 38 Mike's address is "Calle Mayor 12, Madrid"

vcd = core.VCD() uid = vcd.add_object("Mike", "Person") vcd.add_object_data(uid, types.num("age", 38)) vcd.add_object_data(uid, types.text("address", "Calle Mayor 12, Madrid"))

Python VCD library

{"vcd": {"frames": {}, "version": "4.0.0", "frame_intervals":
[], "objects": {"0": {"name": "Mike", "type": "Person",
"frame_intervals": [], "object_data": {"num": [{"name": "age",
"val": 38}], "text": [{"name": "address", "val": "Calle Mayor
12, Madrid"}]}}}

263 bytes



VCD Video Content Description

Serializable JSON/Proto

Object "TrafficSign1" is a "TrafficSign" TrafficSign1's position is (43.302276, -2.002997) TrafficSign1's class is "Stop" TrafficSign1's visibility is "Poor" TrafficSign1's position's labeled by "Annotator1" TrafficSign1's position's interpolated is "True"

vcd = core.VCD()

uid = vcd.add_object("TrafficSign1", "TrafficSign")
position = types.vec("position", (43.302276, -2.002997))
position.add_attribute(types.text("labeler", "Annotator1"))
position.add_attribute(types.boolean("interpolated", True))
vcd.add object data(uid, position)

Python VCD library

{"vcd": {"frames": {}, "version": "4.0.0", "frame_intervals":
[], "objects": {"0": {"name": "TrafficSign1", "type":
"TrafficSign", "frame_intervals": [], "object_data": {"vec":
[{"name": "position", "val": [43.302276, -2.002997],
"attributes": {"text": [{"name": "labeler", "val":
"Annotator1"}], "boolean": [{"name": "interpolated", "val":
true}]}}], "text": [{"name": "class", "val": "Stop"}, {"name":
"visibility", "val": "Poor"}]}}}

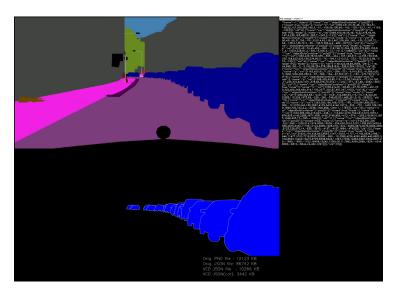




Pretty

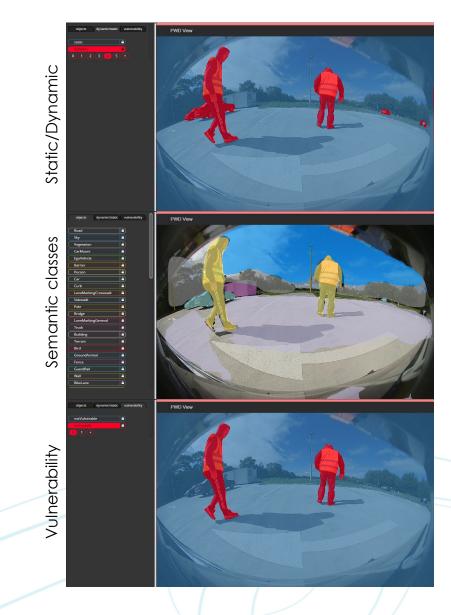
Pixel-wise / Semantic segmentation

- Huge datasets (Mapillary, KITTI) for machine learning training
 - Data: Original HR images
 - Labels: PNG images, each pixel with a code color representing a class, and an instance
- VCD allows representing these PNG labels as polygons or
 - Accessing specific classes, no need to have image readers each time
 - Compression: polygonization techniques can be applied
- VCD can describe class, instances, and holes
- VCD Python library has lossless polygon compression



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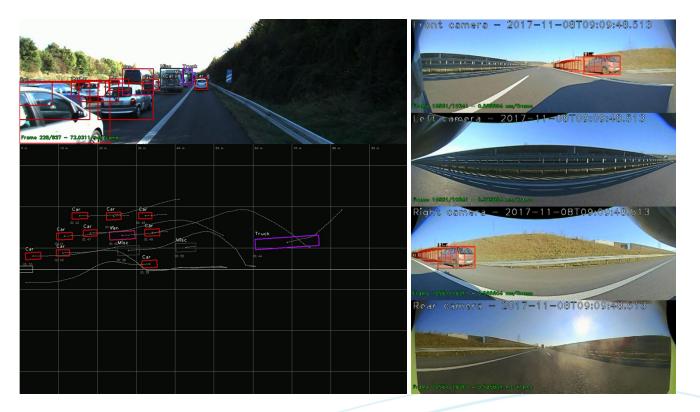
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VCD Video Content Description

Multi-sensor annotation

- Same real object
- Described as a single
 - Inside, each representation of the Object for each view/stream
- Useful if data is annotated in several steps
 - Video first
 - Then LIDAR
 - Or different annotators/detectors
- Annotations can be added seamlessly to the VCD
- Timestamping and synchronization is added to guarantee alignment with data



VCD Video Content Description

Useful Object primitives

- ObjectData
 - bbox
 - poly2d
 - poly3d
 - image
 - binary
 - mat
 - num
 - vec
 - text
 - boolean
 - mesh
 - line_reference
 - area_reference
- Nested ObjectData (attributes) to describe any complex structure

Additional example use cases

- Lanes as 3D polylines with text attributes
- Parking slots as meshes of points, lines and areas, with attributes
- Lateral position within ego-lane as vec
- Eye blinks, head pose and gaze vectors of driver
- Skeleton and human-pose

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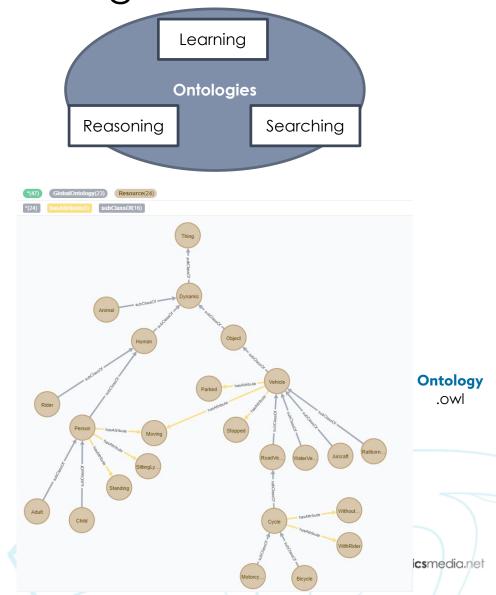
Ontology-based Semantic Labelling

Semantic labelling - Ontologies

- Semantics provide meaning to data
 - Learning
 - Reasoning
 - Searching
- Ontologies
 - Classes
 - Properties
 - Relations
- Ontologies to host knowledge, establish rules, enable translation, advanced querying
- Labelled data using classes, properties and relations from Ontologies
 - Enable dataset fusion, translation
 - Guarantees compatibility with future extensions, adding detail

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Advanced querying



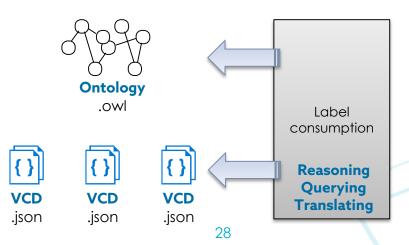
Osl Ontology-based Semantic Labelling

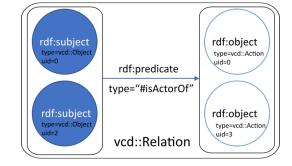
Semantic labelling - Labels

- Element's types can refer to a Class in an ontology
 e.g. Object "Mike" is a "#Person" as defined in https://vcd.vicomtech.org/ontologies/automotive
- Relations can define relationships between elements, defined as ontology classes
 Relations are defined as RDF triplets

e.g. Relation "r1" means "Mike" "#isActorOf" "MikeCrossing"

- Ontology-related keywords
 - Class hierarchies ("isA"): Pedestrian "isA" Person, SUV "isA" Vehicle
 - Similarity/Translation links ("sameAs"): Pedestrian "sameAs" Fußgänger
 - Possible attributes ("hasAttribute"): Pedestrian "hasAttribute" moving
 - ...



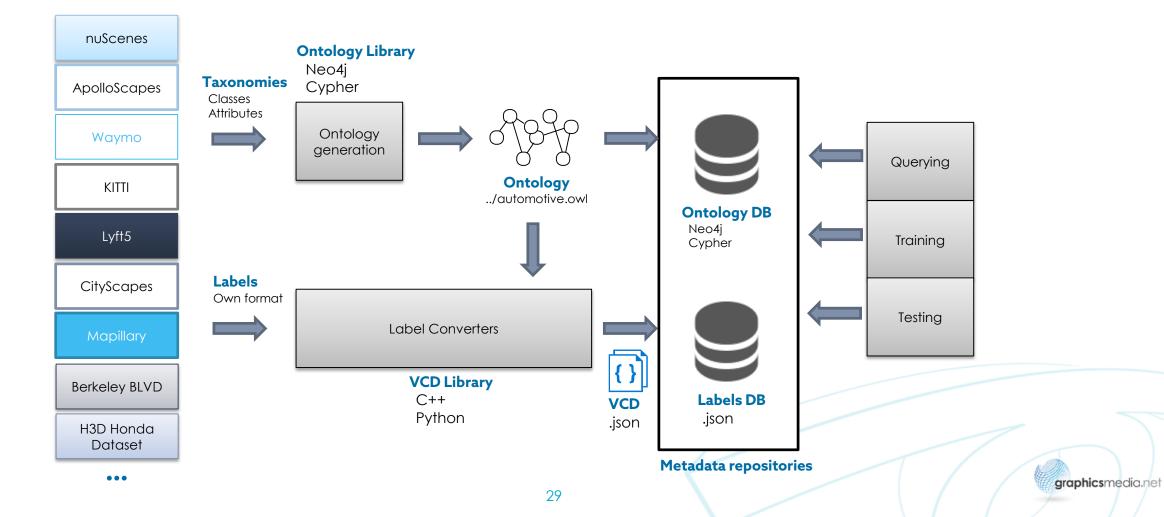


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Ontology-based Semantic Labelling

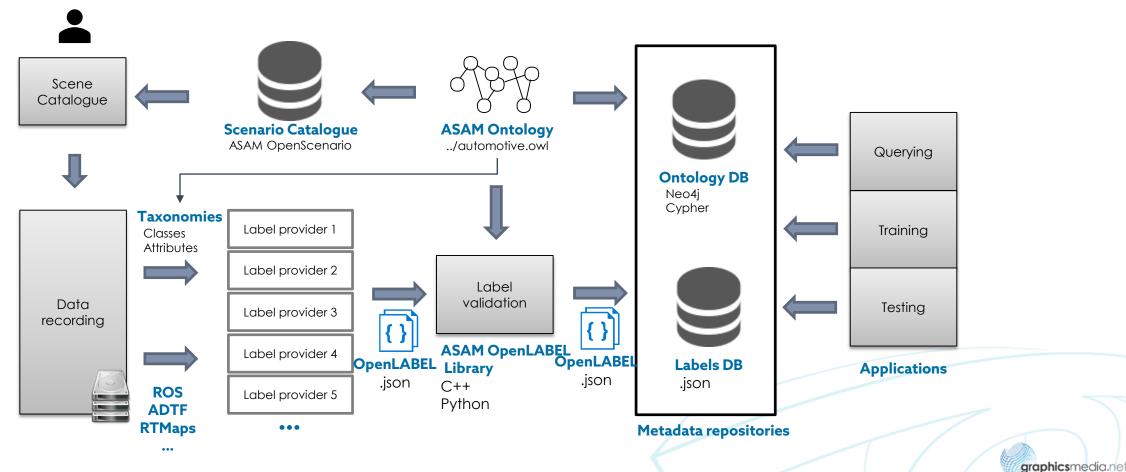
Semantic labelling – Creating the standard





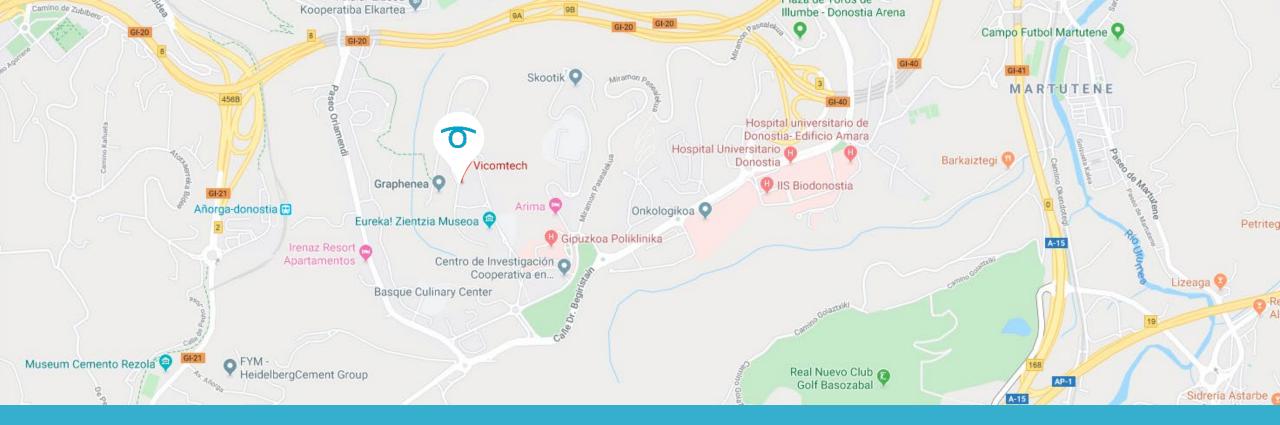
Ontology-based Semantic Labelling

Semantic labelling – Using the standard



Next steps

- Provide documentation about VCD 4.0.0 schema and VCD 4.0.0 Python library
- Consolidate OSL Ontology from major datasets
- **Open github** repositories and publish current developments
- Study **OpenLABEL requirements** and participate in **definition of standard**
- Analyze co-existence of other related languages and standard initiatives (OSI, OpenScenario, OpenDrive)
- Create tools and applications
- Open to develop reference implementation of standards



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Ontology-based Semantic Labelling

