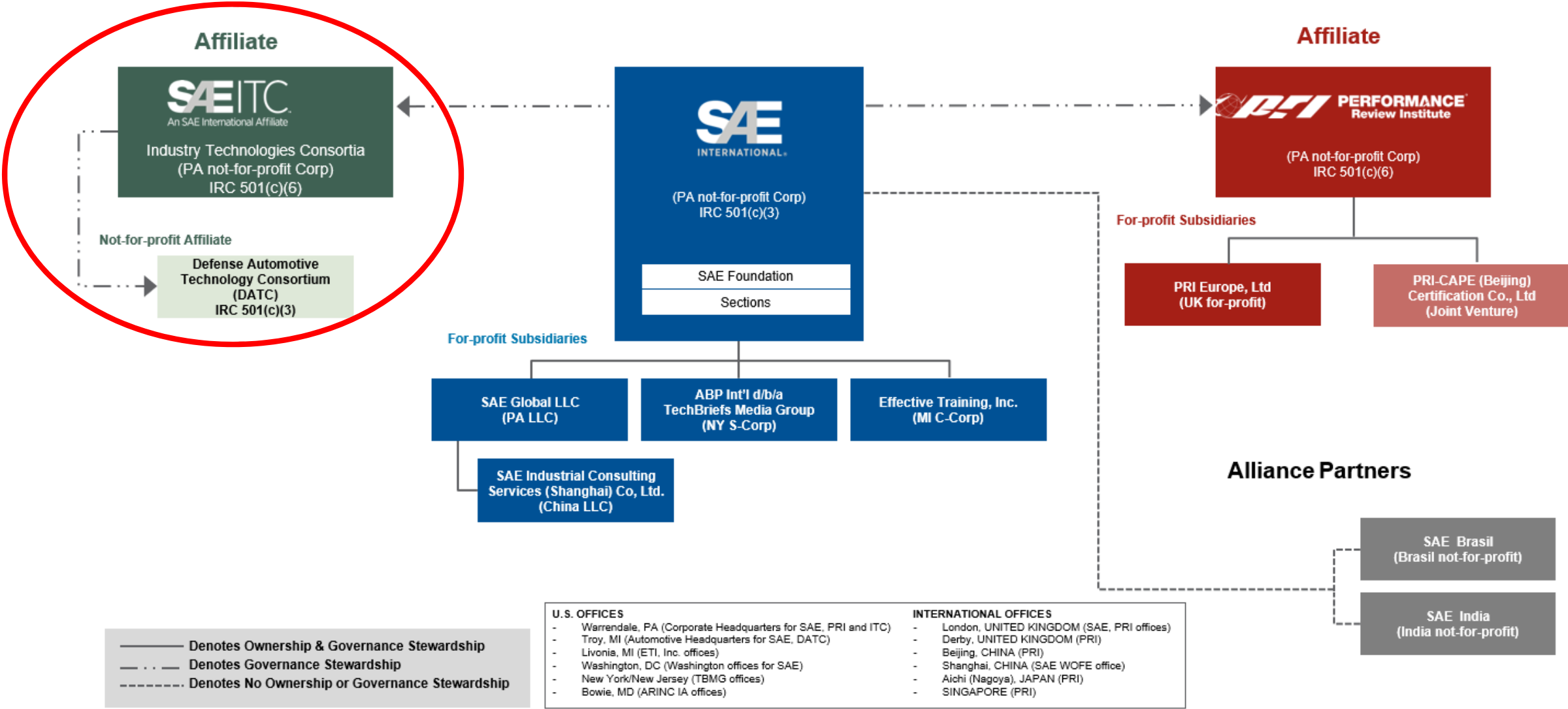




SAE GLOBAL GROUND VEHICLE STANDARDS

JACK POKRZYWA
jackp@sae.org

SAE International Structure



Global industry engagement makes a difference



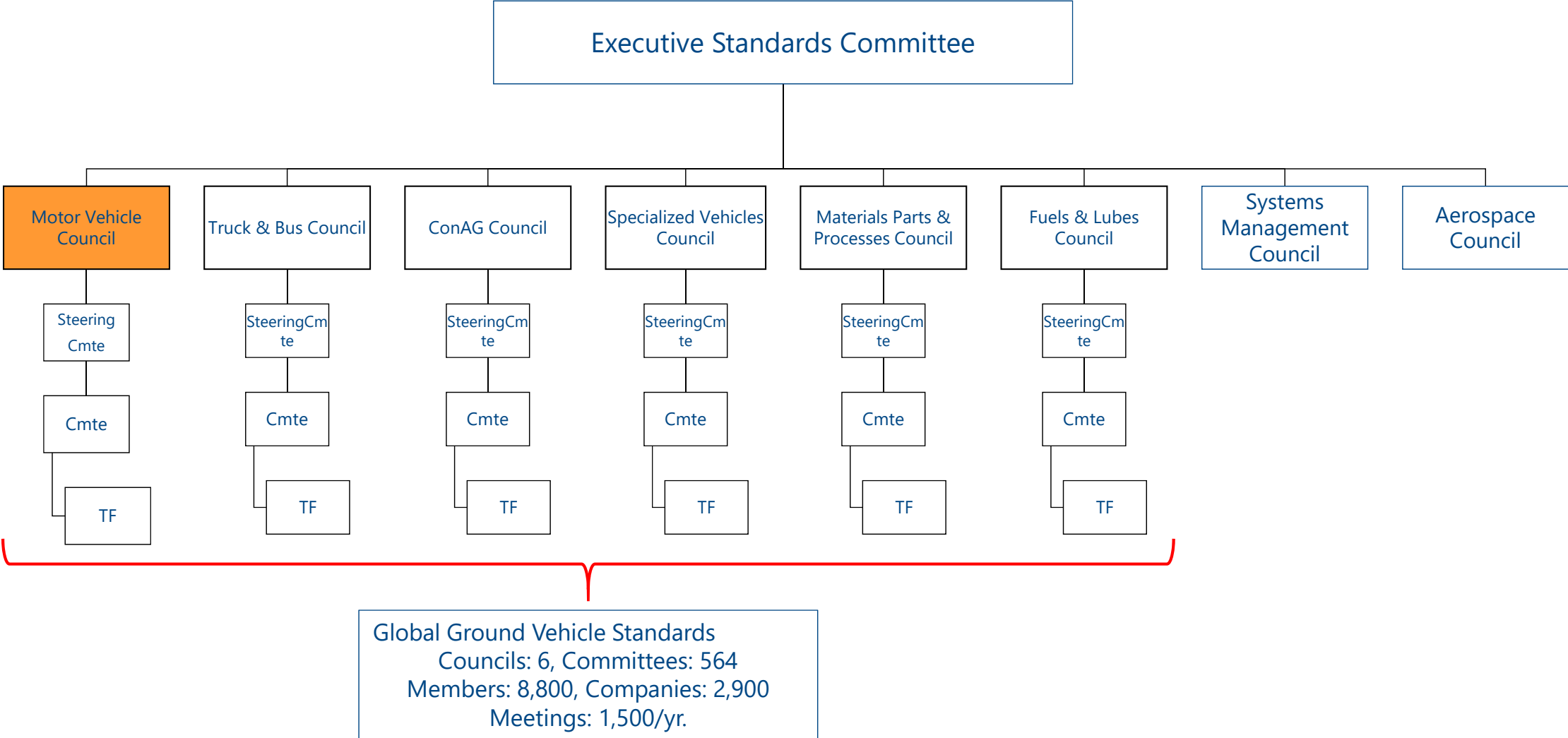
SAE: International Standards Developer



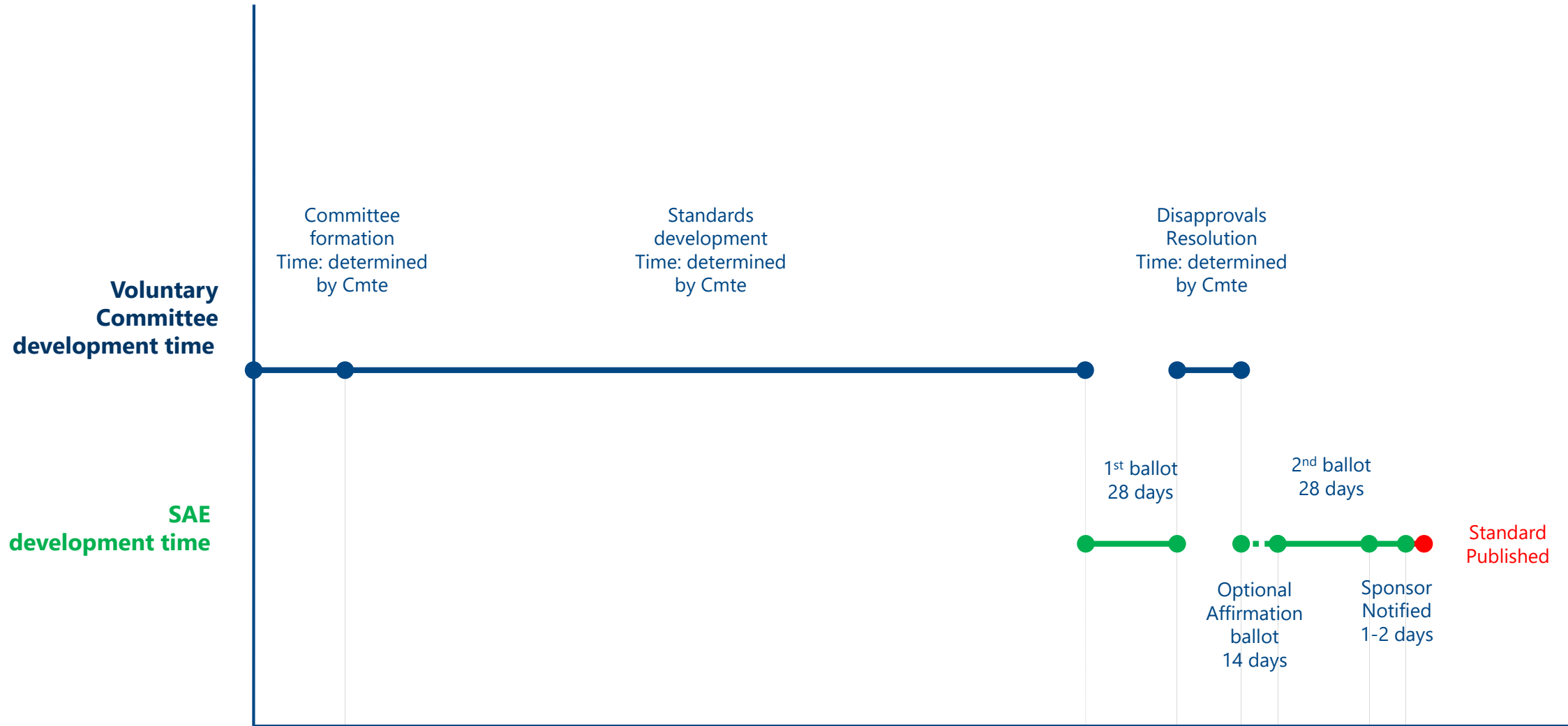
ANSI Essential Requirements

WTO Requirements for International SDO

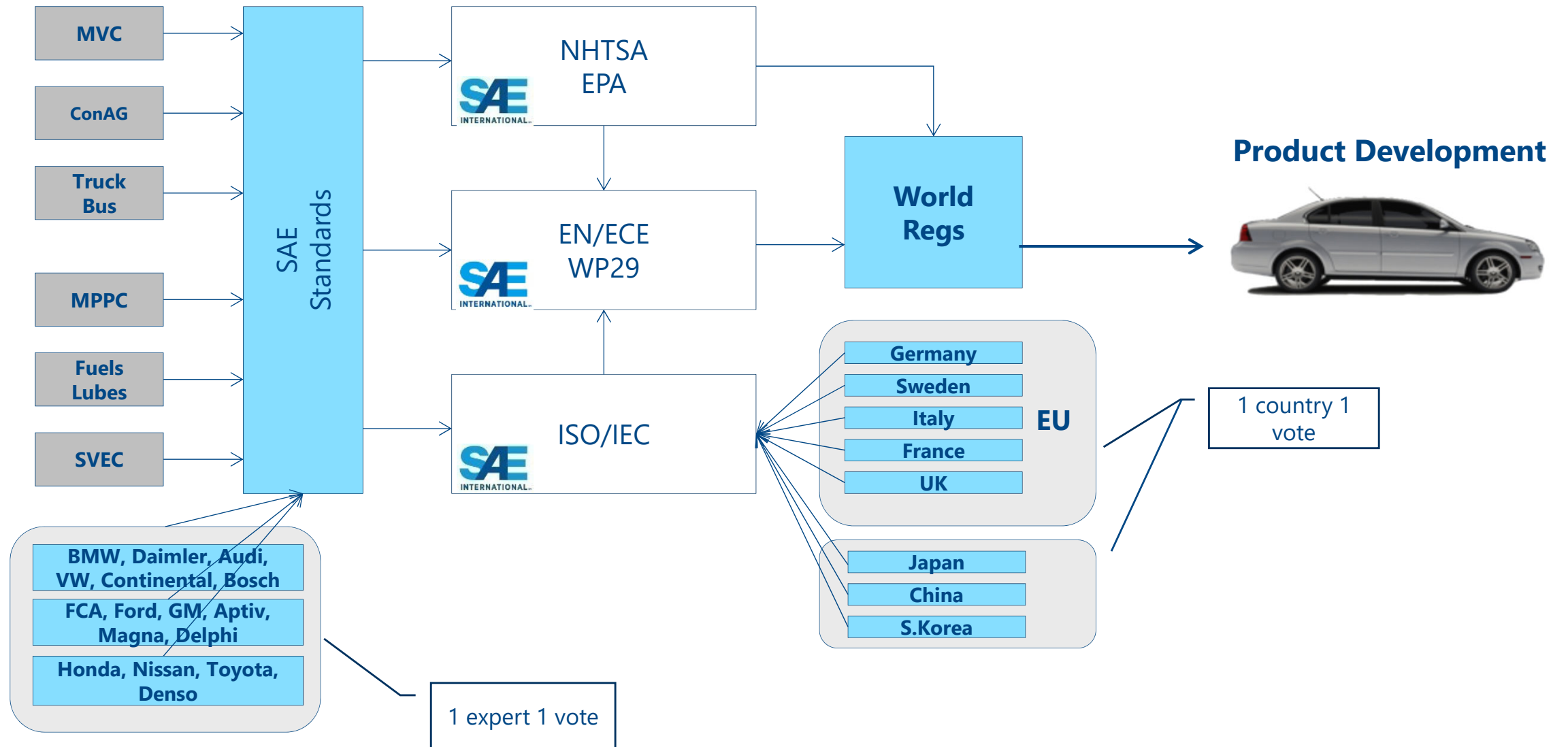
Global Ground Vehicle Standards structure



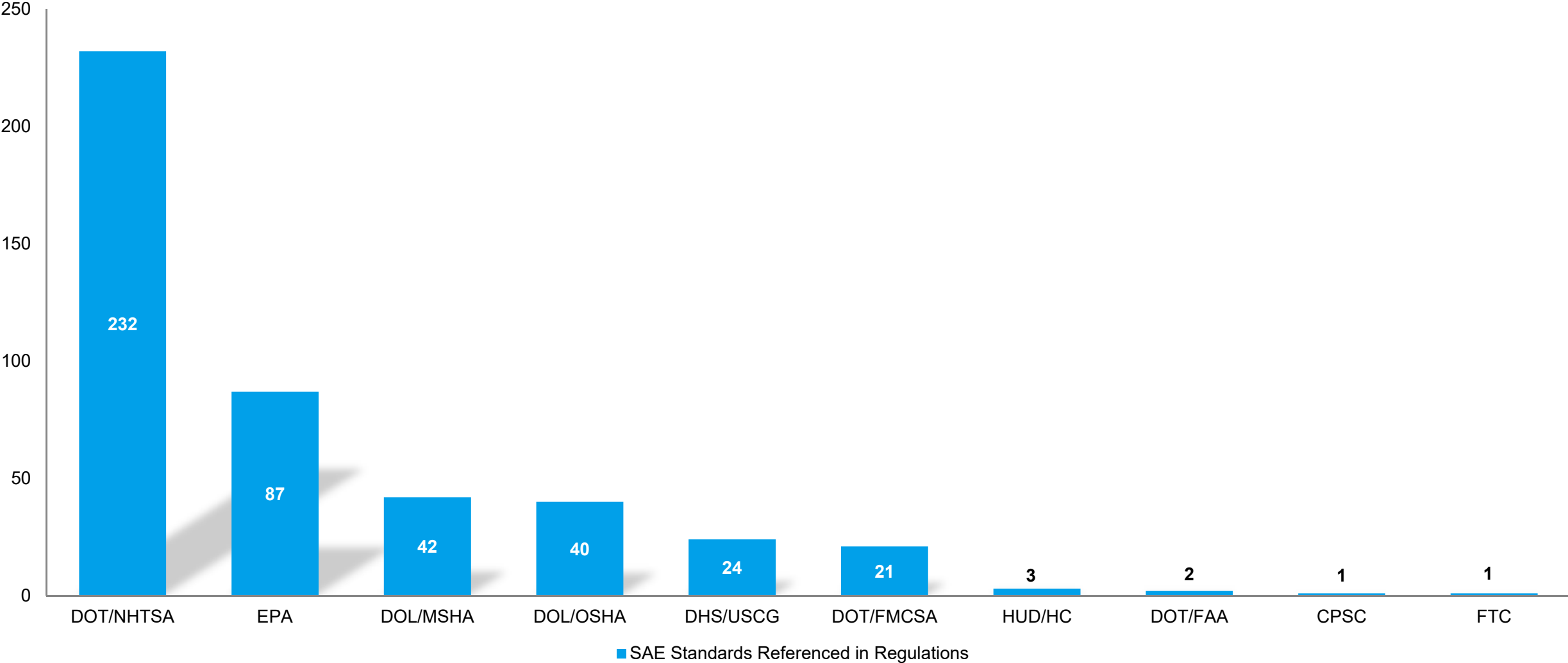
Development Timeline



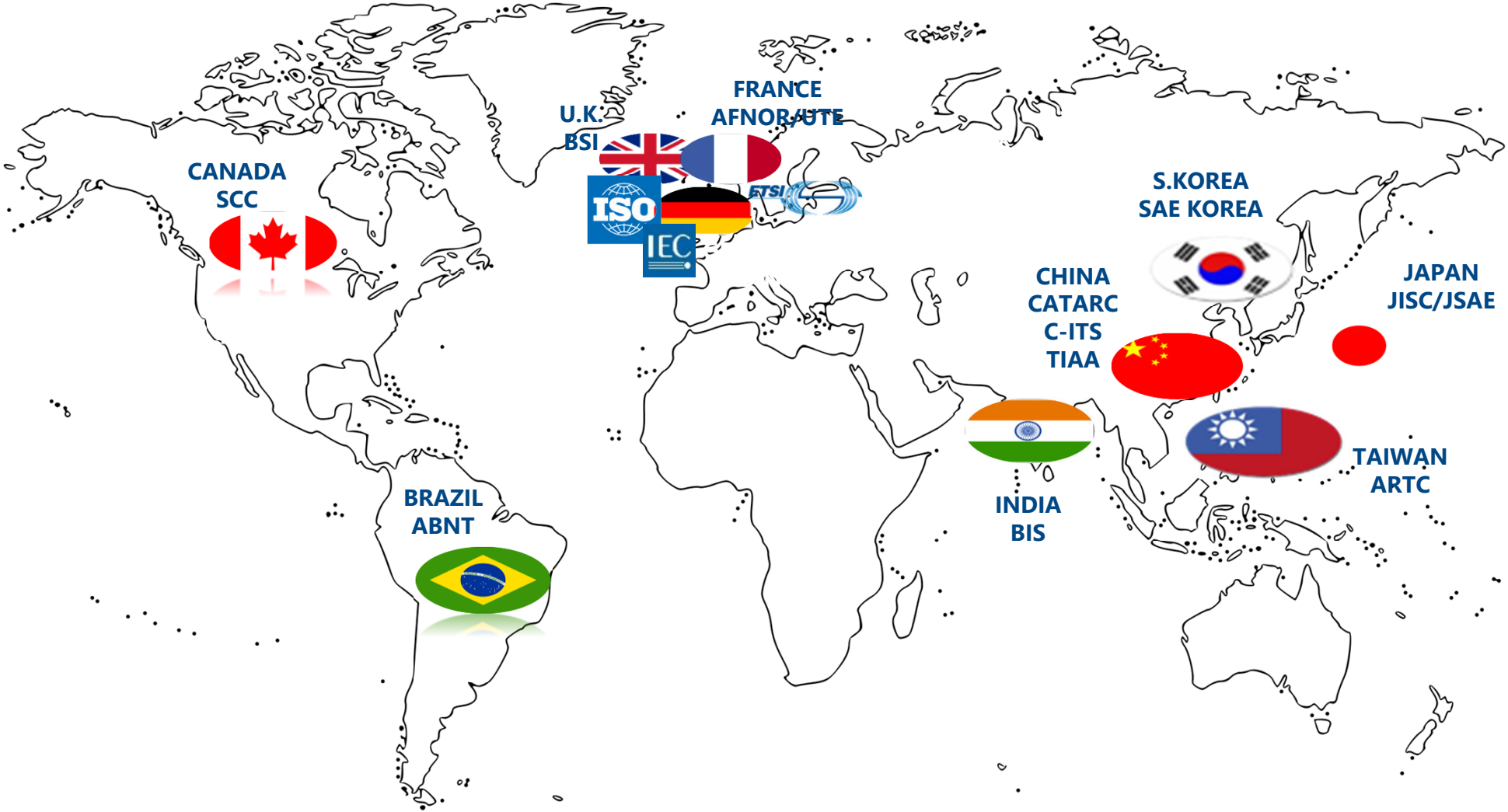
Regulatory and Product Effect of SAE Standards



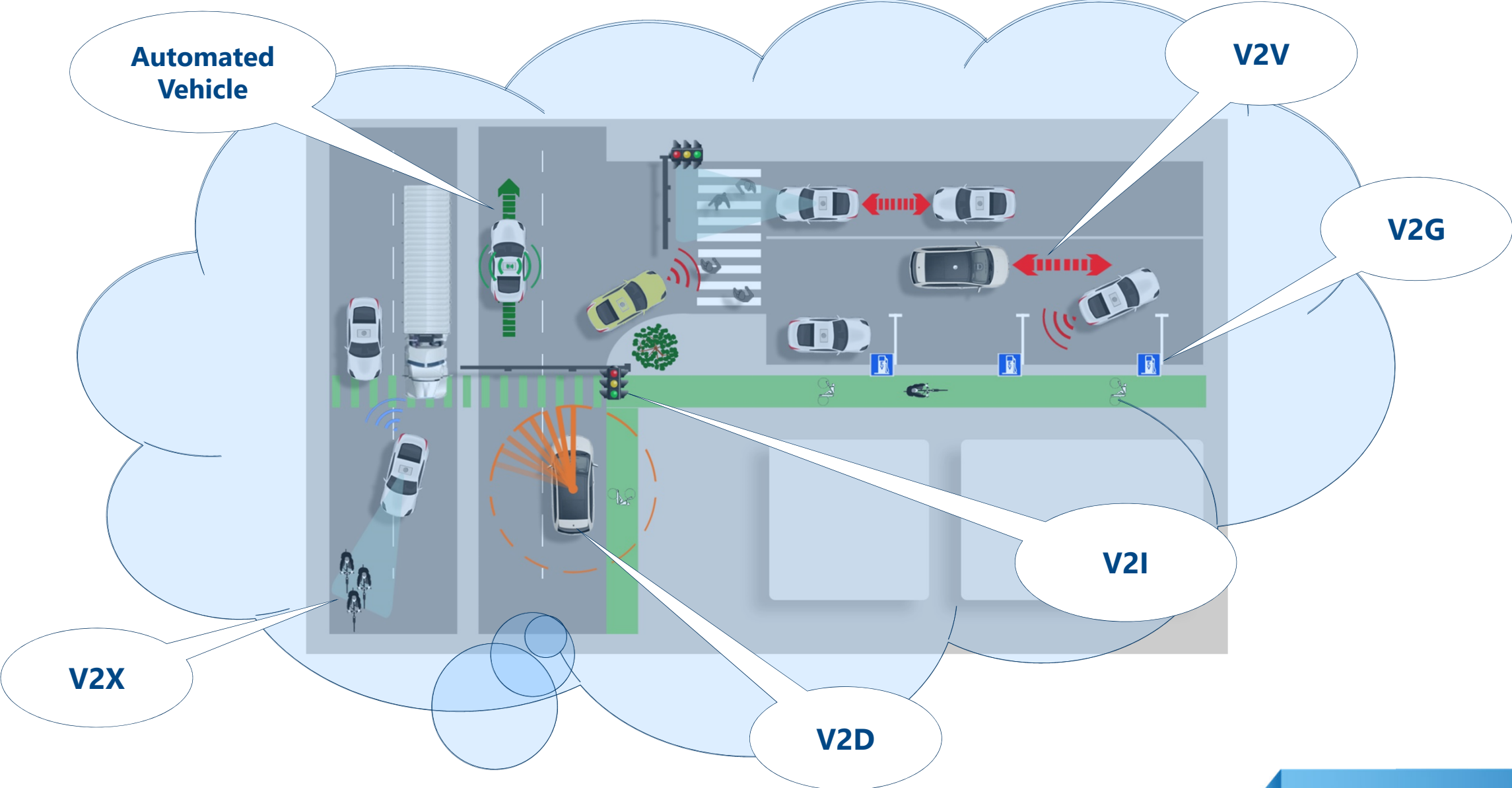
SAE standards cited in the US regulations



SAE Relationships with Other Organizations



Addressing industry transformation through standards



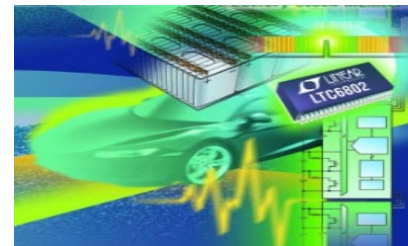
SAE Standards in advanced technology areas



Wireless Charging



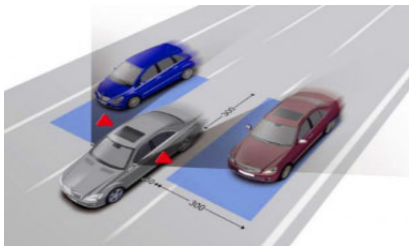
Driver-Vehicle Interface



Electronics System Reliability



Driving Automation Systems



Active Safety



Functional Safety



Connected Vehicles



Shared Mobility



EV/Hybrid/FC Vehicle & Battery



Vehicle Electronics Cyber Security

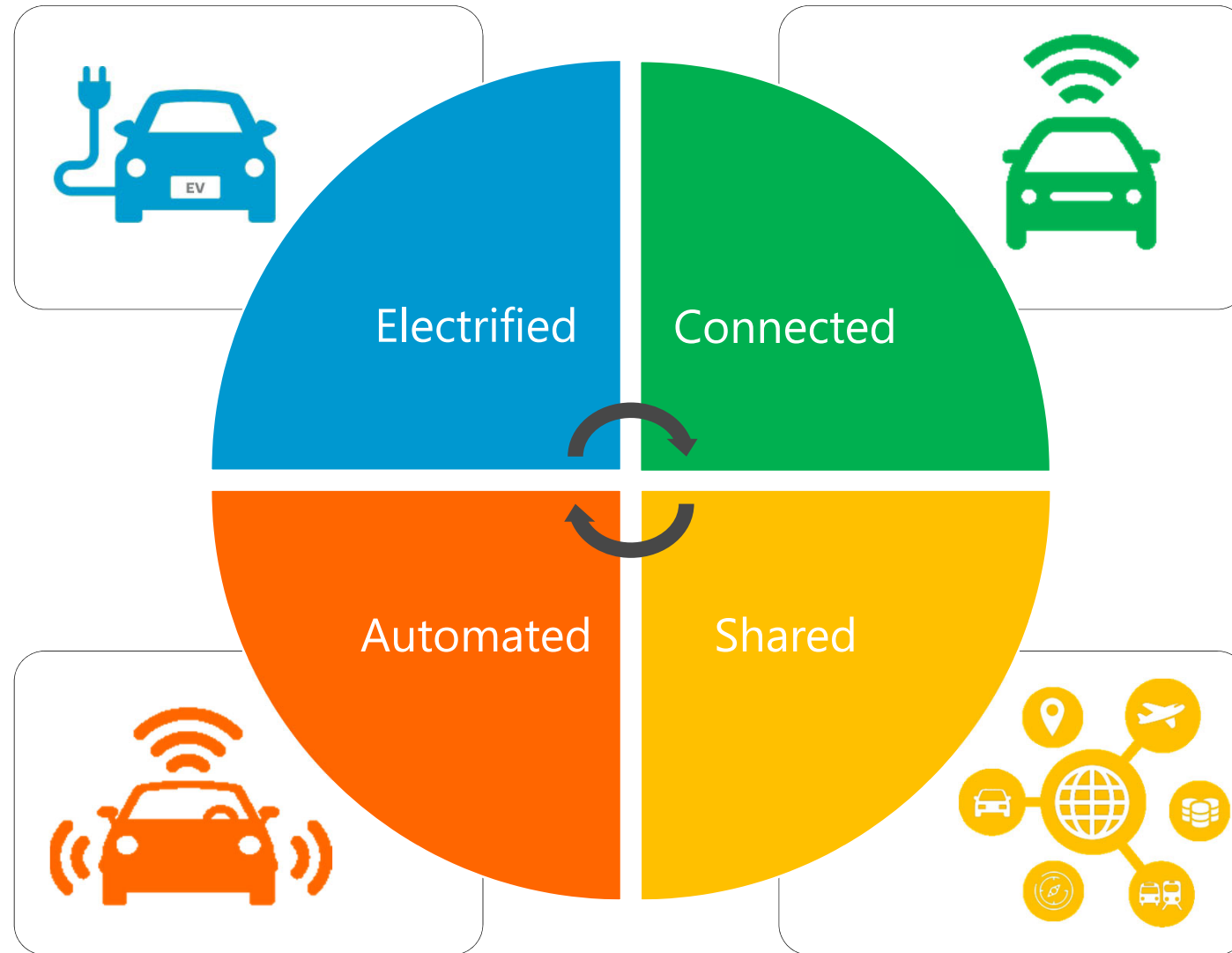


Intelligent Transport Systems

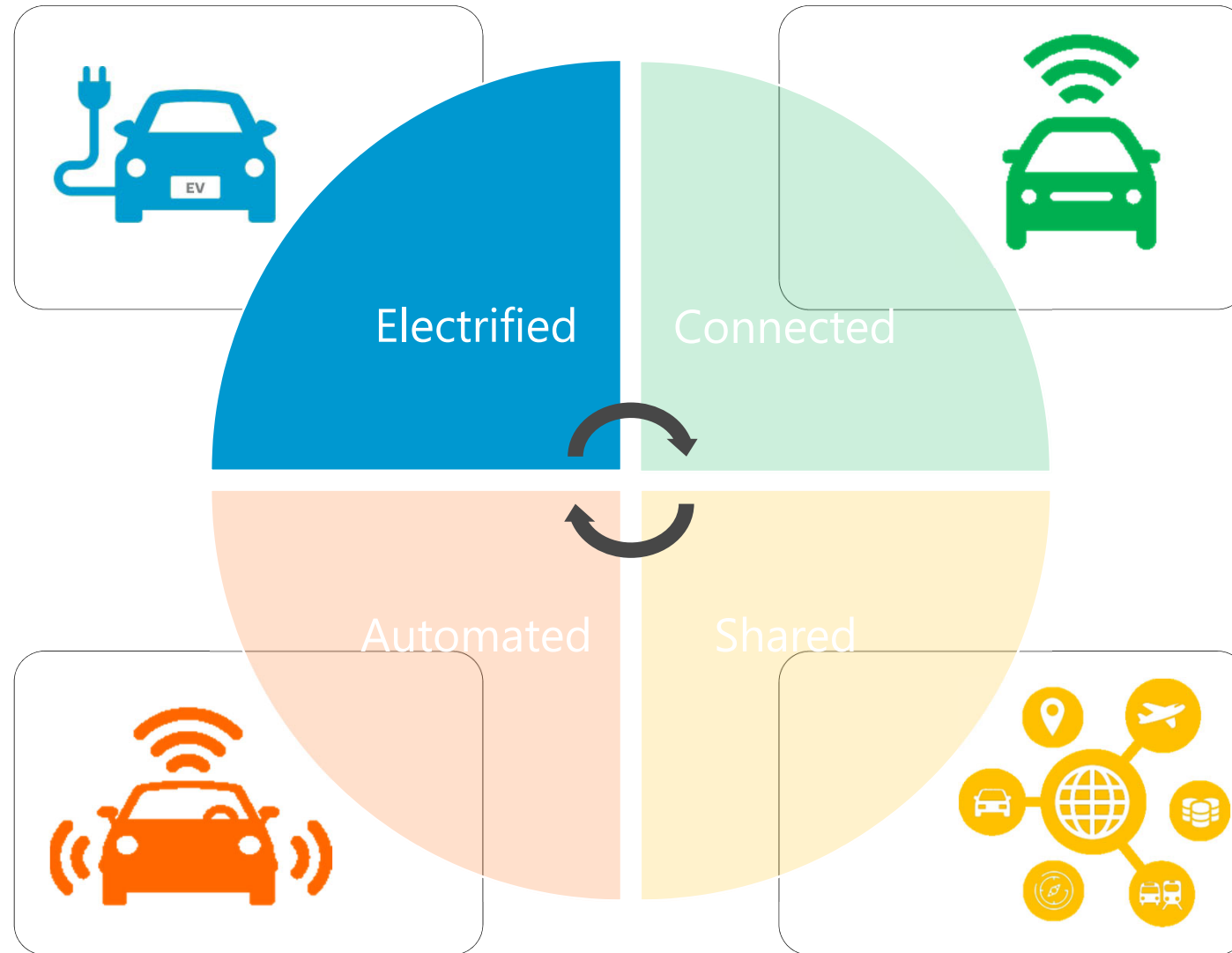


Mobility for Persons with Disabilities

4 trends in mobility



4 trends in mobility



Electrified - SAE Vehicle-To-Grid Standards

1. AC/DC Charging
2. Vehicle to Grid Interoperability
3. SAE Battery Research and Standards

New J1772™ version:

- 150 or 400 kW stations
- @ 400A
- charge times 15-20 min.

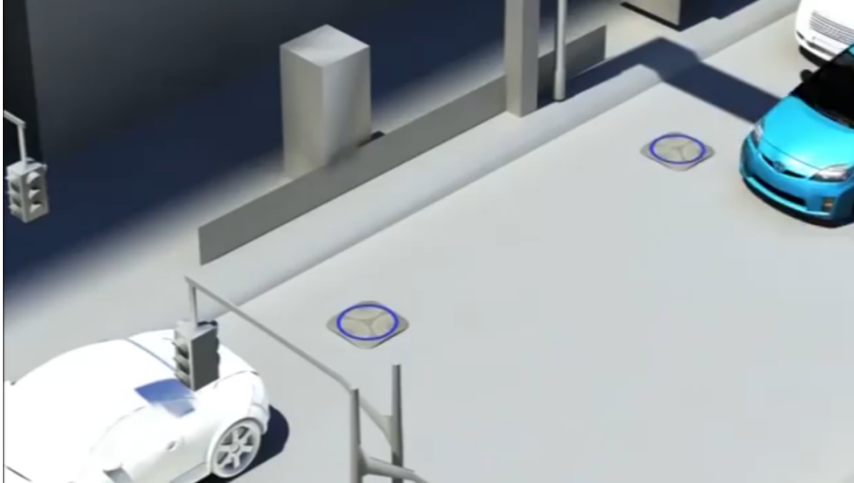


SAE J1772
AC/DC Combo

SAE J2929
SAE J2464
SAE J1766
SAE J2344

SAE J2953

Electrified - SAE Vehicle-To-Grid Standards



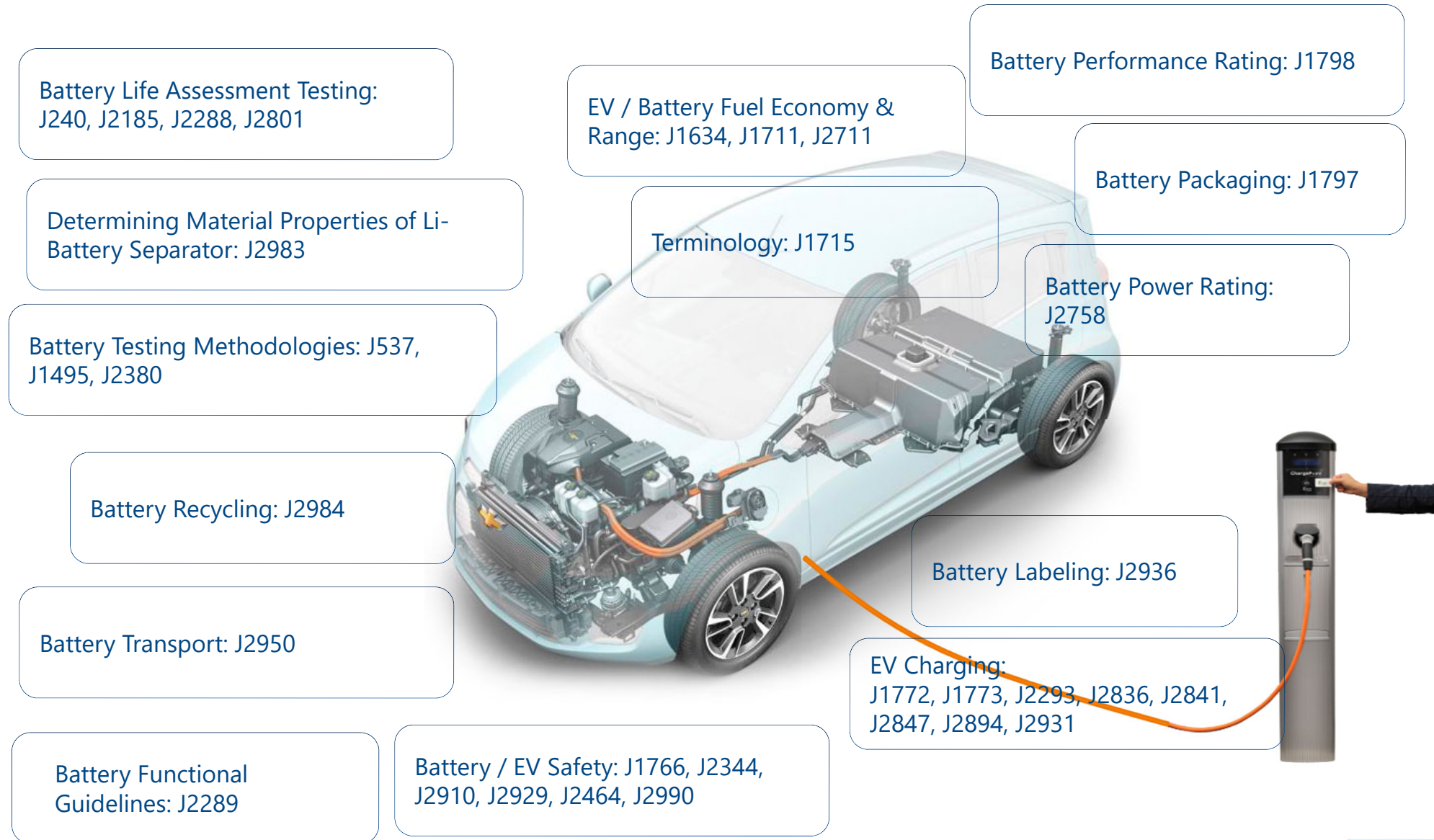
A collaborative research collaborative for the development of SAE J2954 will establish minimum performance, interoperability and safety criteria for wireless charging of EVs / PHEVs and vehicle alignment.

J2954 scope includes residential and parking garage, parking lot and side of road charging locations and Wireless Power Transfer (WPT) charging levels 1,2 & 3. Standardization to finish in 2018.

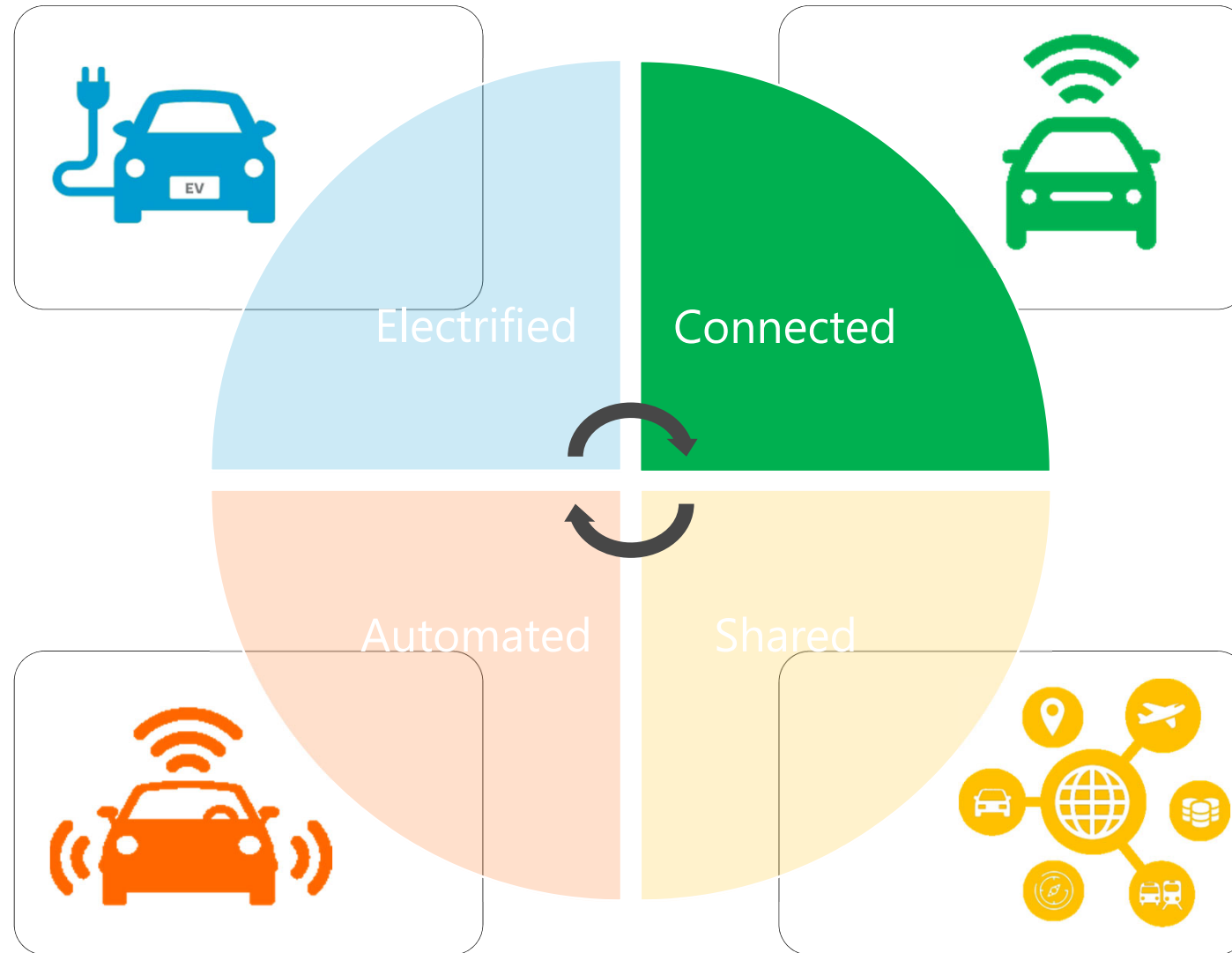
Companies participating:



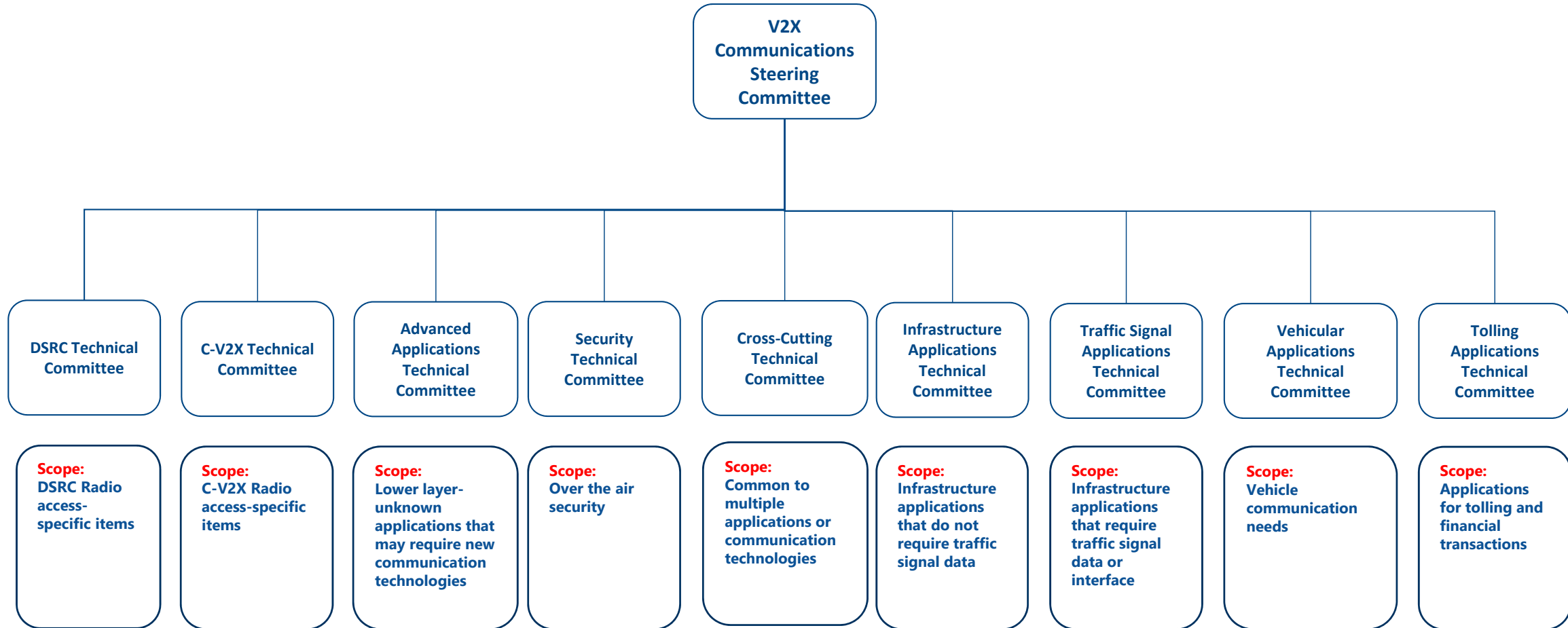
Electrified - SAE Battery Standards



4 trends in mobility



Connected – where SAE standards are developed



SAE Standards to Support Connected Vehicle Technologies

Focus Areas for Standards

- ✓ Mobile Devices
- ✓ Road Side Equipment
- ✓ Traffic Information Management
- ✓ Systems and Data Back Haul
- ✓ Service Providers
- ✓ IoT
- ✓ DSRC and LTE Communications
- ✓ Road Weather
- ✓ Curve Warning
- ✓ Traveler Information
- ✓ Work Zone Warning
- ✓ Maps
- ✓ Adaptive Signal Control
- ✓ Platooning
- ✓ Disabled/Vulnerable Road Users

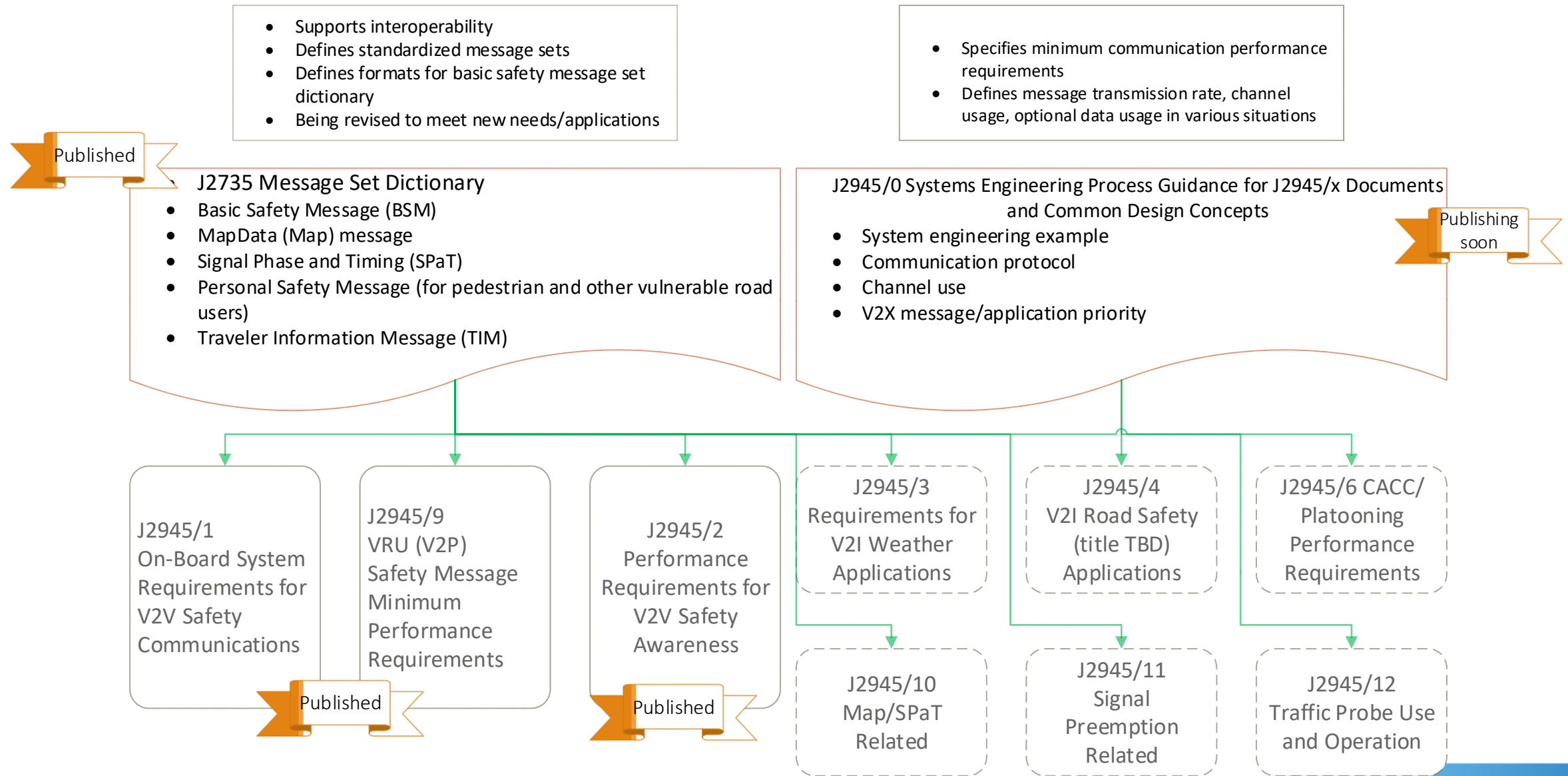


Examples of Driver Alerts

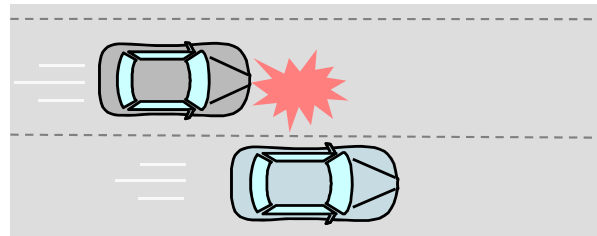
- Forward Collision Warning
- Emergency Electronic Brake Light
- Intersection Movement Assist
- Blind Spot Warning
- Weather Warnings
- Lane Change Warning
- Do Not Pass Warning
- Right Turn in Front
- Signal Phase and Timing
- Curve Speed Warning
- Vulnerable Road Users

Use Cases: V2V V2IV V2 Other Vehicle Automation Center to Center Center to Field

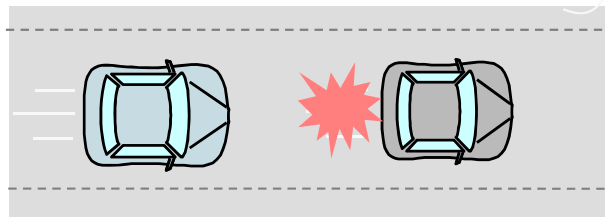
Connected - SAE DSRC Standards



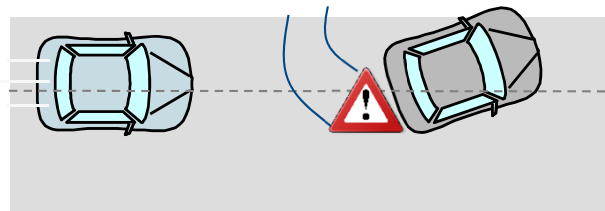
J2945/1 "On-Board System Requirements for V2V Safety Communications"



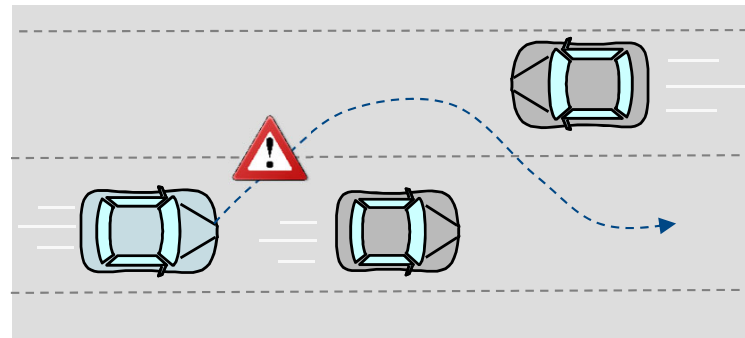
Blind Spot Warning



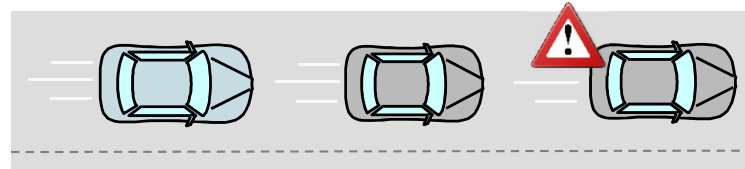
Forward Collision Warning



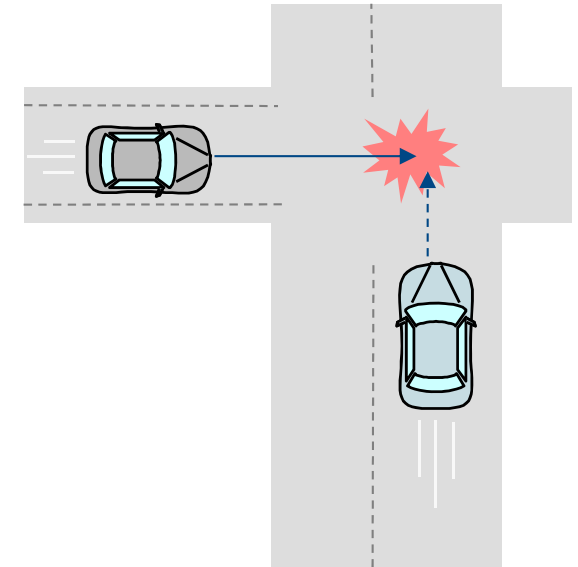
Control Loss Warning



Do Not Pass Warning



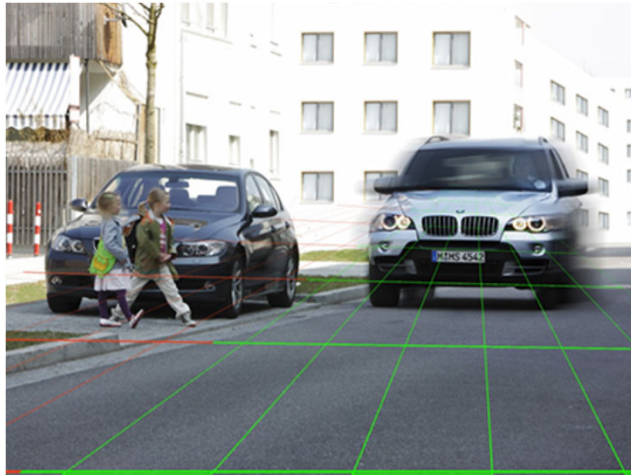
Electronic Emergency Brake Lights



Intersection Movement Assist

- 1st edition of on-board system requirements standard for V2V safety communications
- Support interoperability and data integrity
- Largely referenced by USDOT's V2V safety system NPRM

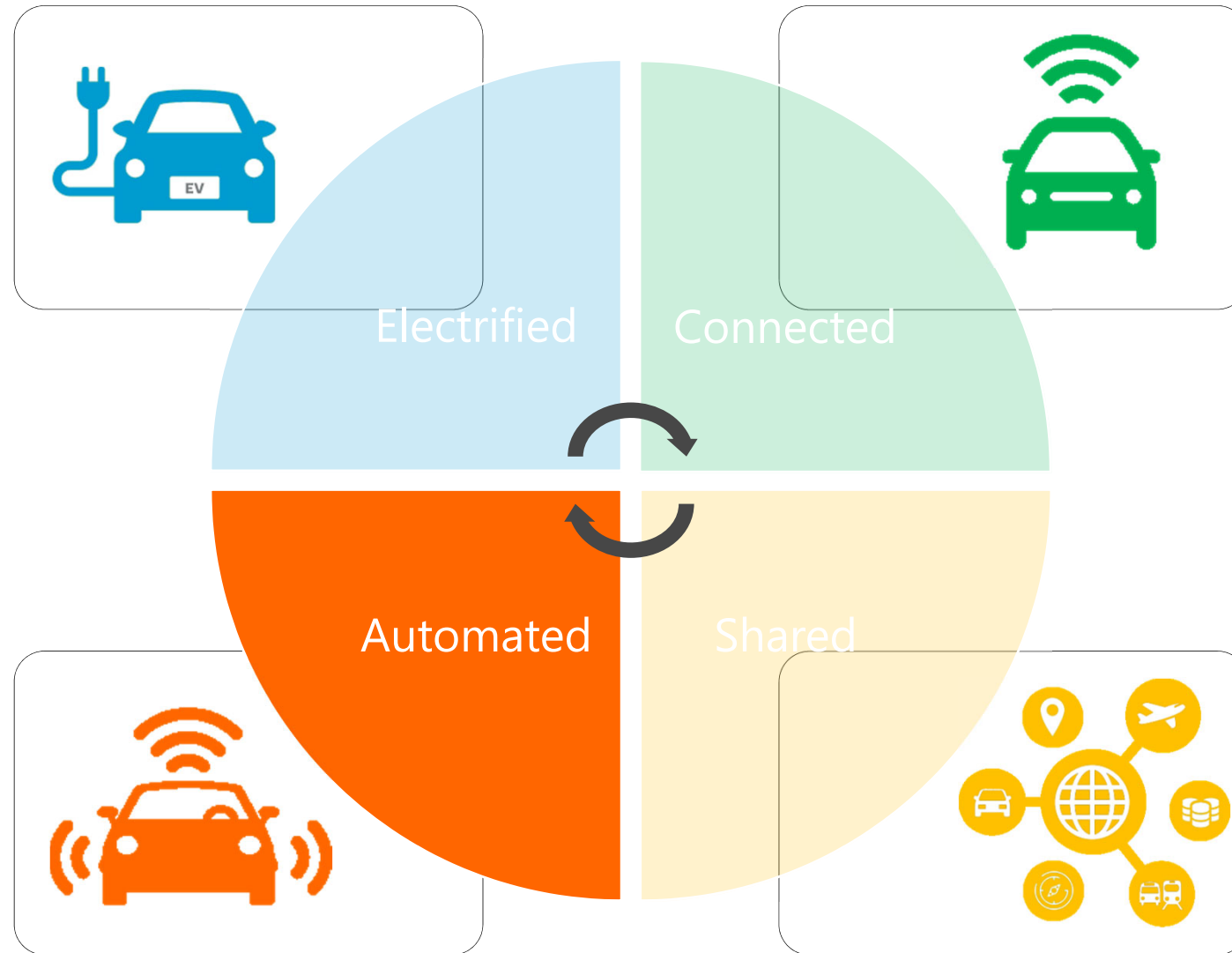
SAE J2945/9 "VRU (V2P) Safety Message Minimum Performance Requirements"



- Defines the safety message minimum performance requirements from pedestrian device (e.g. smartphone) to vehicles
- Protect pedestrians (including people with disabilities/special needs), cyclists, public safety workers
- Personal Safety message is defined in J2735



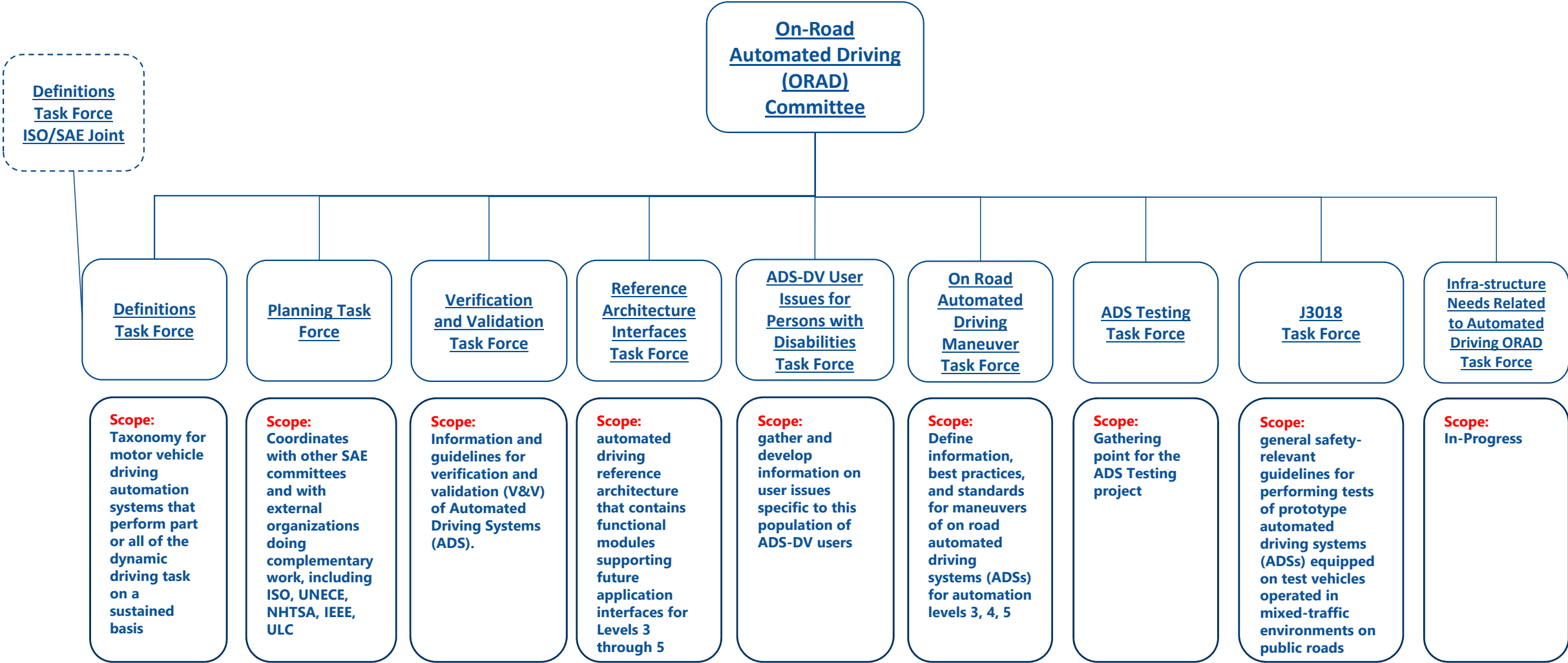
4 trends in mobility



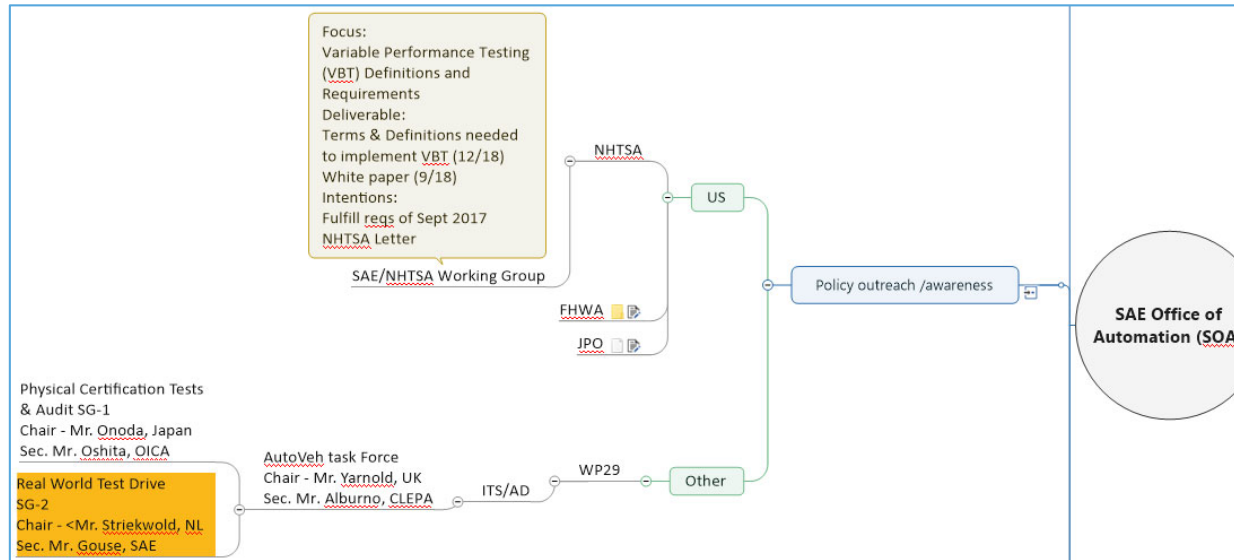
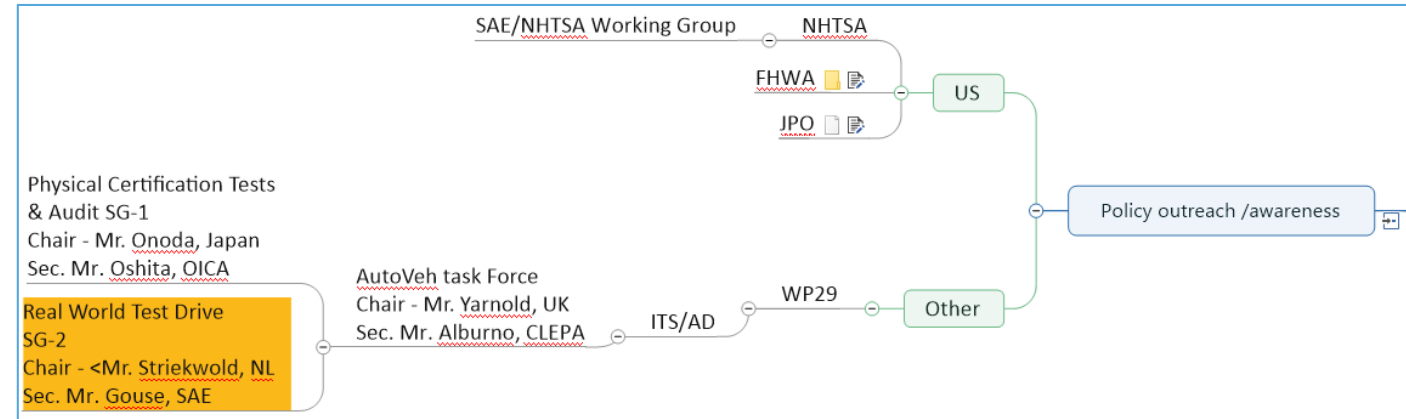
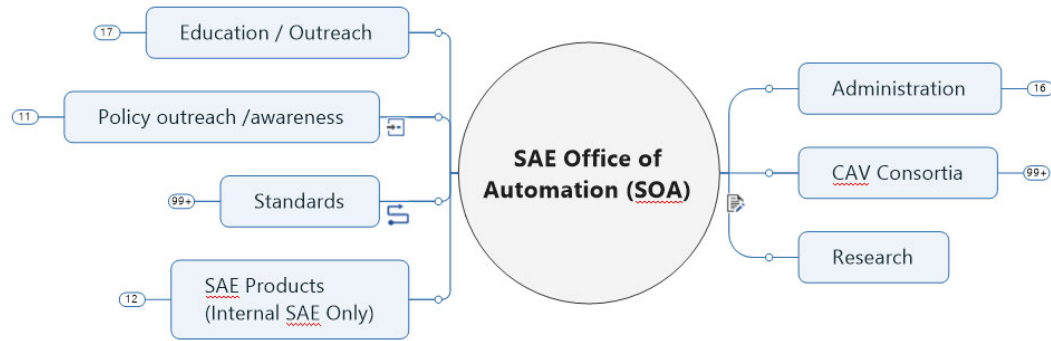
Automated - SAE Automation Standards – J3016™

Level	Name	Narrative Definition	DDT		DDT Fallback	ODD
			Sustained lateral & longitudinal vehicle motion control	OEDR		
Driver performs part or all of the DDT						
0	No Driving Automation	The performance by the <i>driver</i> of the entire <i>DDT</i> , even when enhanced by <i>active safety systems</i>	Driver	Driver	Driver	N/A
1	Driver Assistance	The <i>sustained</i> and <i>ODD-specific</i> execution by a <i>driving automation system</i> of either the <i>lateral</i> or the <i>longitudinal vehicle motion control</i> subtask of the <i>DDT</i> (but not both simultaneously) with the expectation that the <i>driver</i> performs the remainder of the <i>DDT</i> .	Driver and System	Driver	Driver	Limited
2	Partial Driving Automation	The <i>sustained</i> and <i>ODD-specific</i> execution by a <i>driving automation system</i> of both the <i>lateral</i> and <i>longitudinal vehicle motion control</i> subtasks of the <i>DDT</i> with the expectation that the <i>driver</i> completes the <i>OEDR</i> subtask and <i>supervises</i> the <i>driving automation system</i> .	System	Driver	Driver	Limited
ADS (“System”) performs the entire DDT (while engaged)						
3	Conditional Driving Automation	The <i>sustained</i> and <i>ODD-specific</i> performance by an <i>ADS</i> of the entire <i>DDT</i> with the expectation that the <i>DDT fallback-ready user</i> is <i>receptive to ADS-issued requests to intervene</i> , as well as to <i>DDT performance-relevant system failures</i> in other vehicle systems, and will respond appropriately.	System	System	<i>Fallback-ready user (becomes the driver during fallback)</i>	Limited
4	High Driving Automation	The <i>sustained</i> and <i>ODD-specific</i> performance by an <i>ADS</i> of the entire <i>DDT</i> and <i>DDT fallback</i> without any expectation that a <i>user</i> will respond to a <i>request to intervene</i> .	System	System	System	Limited
5	Full Driving Automation	The <i>sustained</i> and unconditional (i.e., not <i>ODD-specific</i>) performance by an <i>ADS</i> of the entire <i>DDT</i> and <i>DDT fallback</i> without any expectation that a <i>user</i> will respond to a <i>request to intervene</i> .	System	System	System	Unlimited

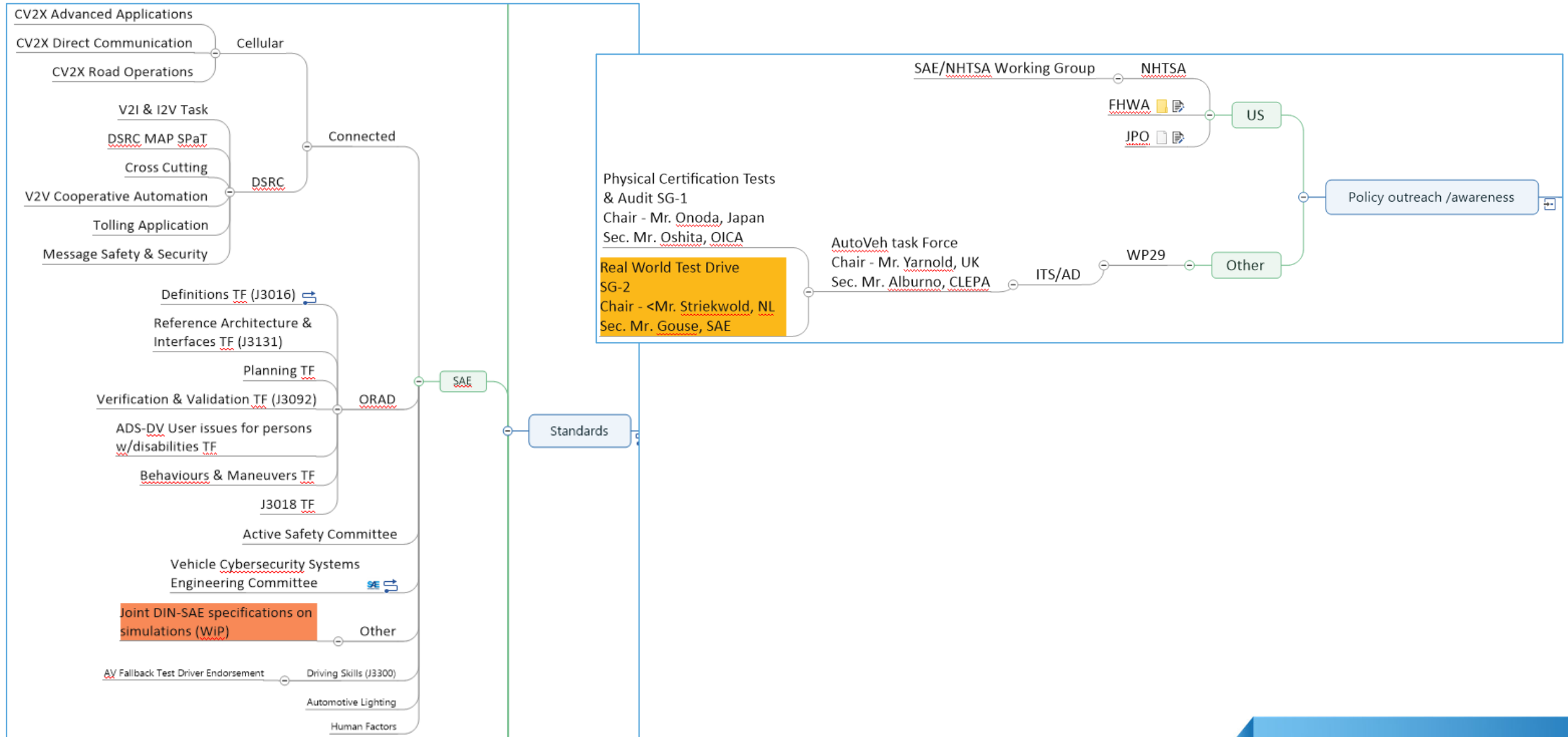
Automated – where SAE standards are developed



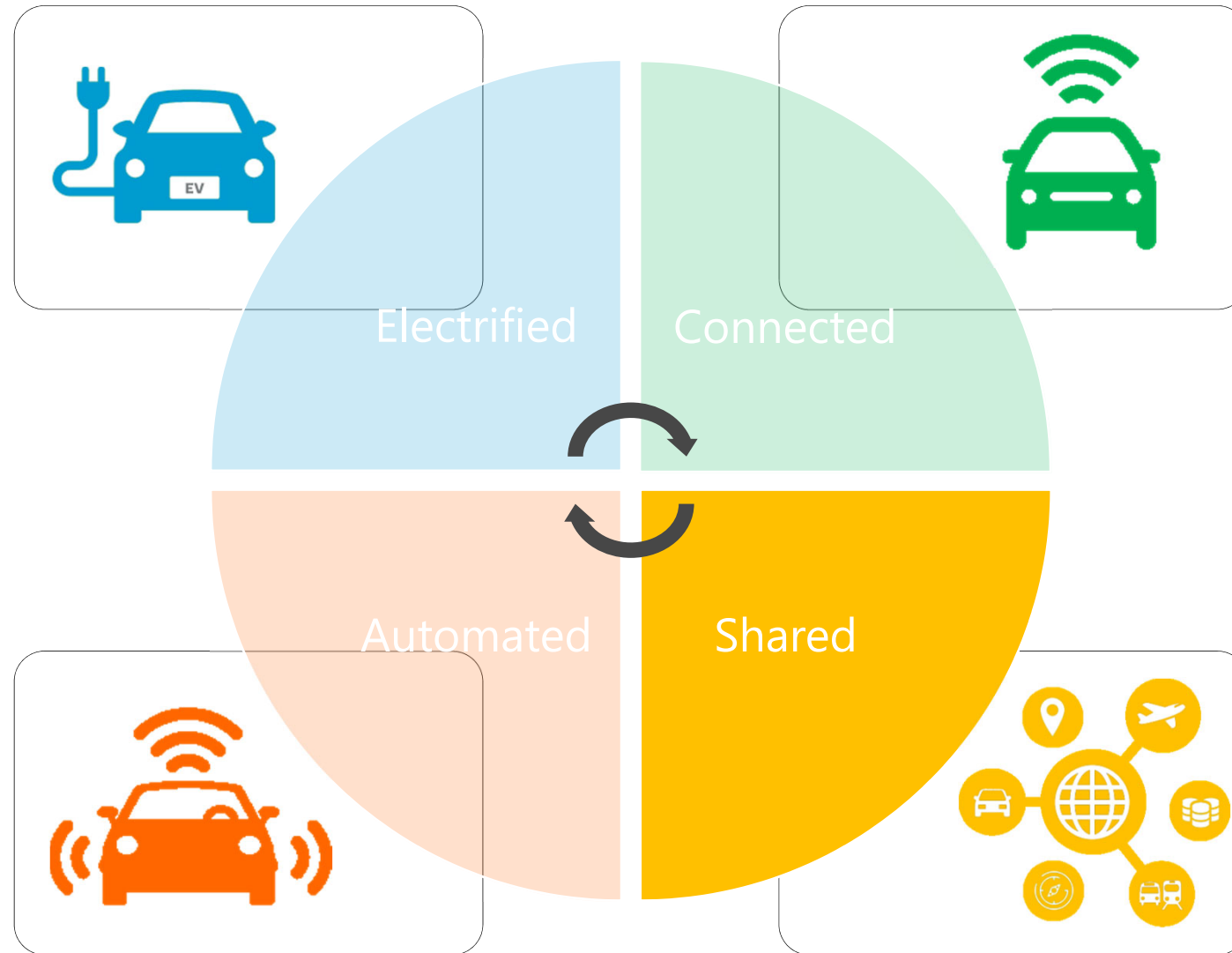
SAE Office Of Automation



SAE Office Of Automation

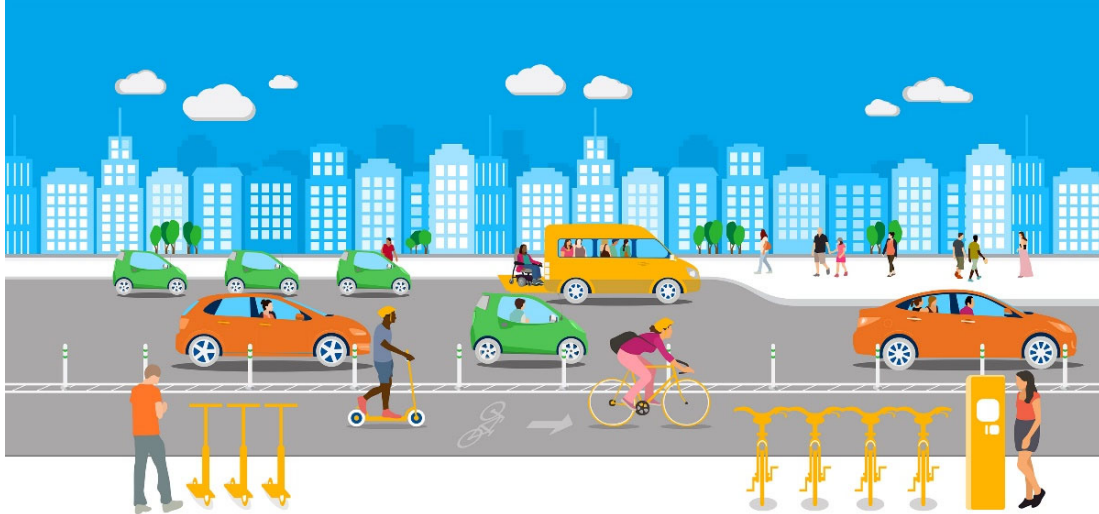


4 trends in mobility



What is Shared Mobility? (without video)

Shared mobility is the **shared** use of a vehicle, motorcycle, scooter, bicycle, or other travel mode. **Shared mobility** provides users with short-term **access to one of these modes** of travel as they are needed.



Background

Rapidly
advancing
technology

Congestion &
Travel time

Increasing
traveler
expectations

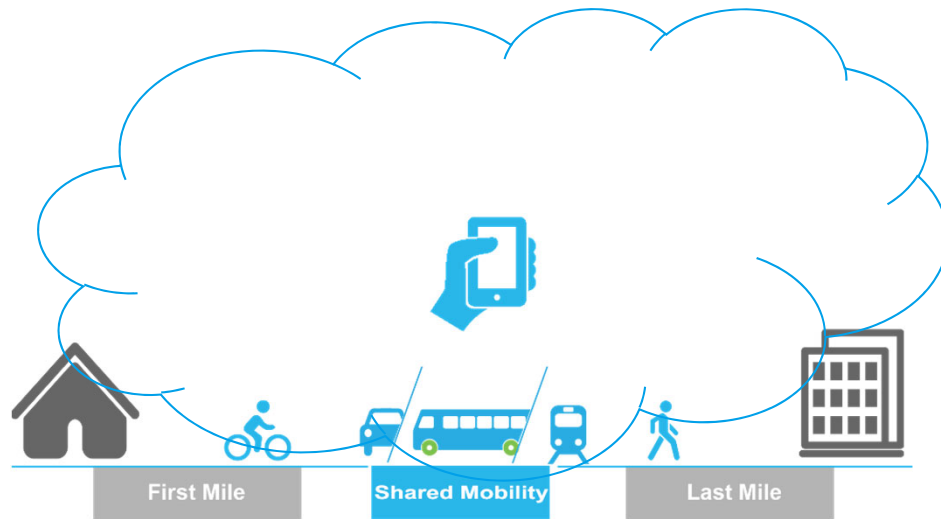
Environmental
concerns

Demographic
changes

Limited
Resources

<https://www.sae.org/shared-mobility>

SAE Shared And Digital Mobility Standards Committee



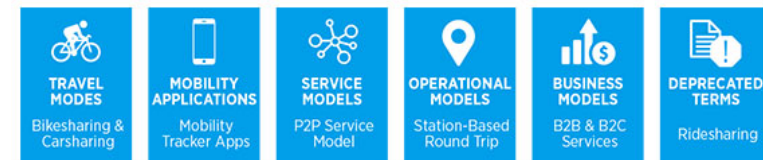
SAE Shared and Digital Mobility Committee embarked on the task of standardizing terms and definitions related to shared mobility.

MILESTONES

- Established in September 2017
- First technical report:
J3163 – Taxonomy and Definitions for Terms Related to Shared Mobility and Enabling Technologies.



It covers six categories of terms related to shared mobility:



- Next steps include
 - Symbols and signage for shared mobility
 - Data format for data sharing
 - Household travel surveys
 - Exploring intersect with core GV technologies

SAE Low-Speed Mobility Devices Committee



Electric Kick Scooter



Electric Skateboard



(Half) Segways



Electric Self-Balancing Unicycles

Emerging and innovative mobility vehicles and devices, sometimes referred to as micro-mobility, are proliferating in cities around the world.

These technologies have the potential to expand mobility options for a variety of people. Some of these technologies fall outside traditional definitions, standards, and regulations.

This committee will initially focus on low-speed personal mobility devices and the technology and systems that support them that are not normally subject to the United States Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards or similar regulations. These may be device-propelled or have propulsion assistance.

SAE Standards on a Global Platform



Joint development of SAE/ISO standards
Road Vehicle & Intelligent Transportation Systems (ITS)

SAE Standards on a Global Platform



SAE is providing Secretariat function
To ISO TC204 Intelligent Transport System

SAE Standards on a Global Platform

United Nations  Nations Unies

NON-GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATIONS BRANCH
OFFICE FOR ECOSOC SUPPORT AND COORDINATION
25th Floor Secretariat Building, United Nations, New York, N.Y. 10017
Telephone: (212) 963-8652; Fax: (212) 963-9248
Website: www.un.org/ecosoc/ngo Contact: www.un.org/ecosoc/ngo/contact

26 July 2017

Dear NGO Representative,

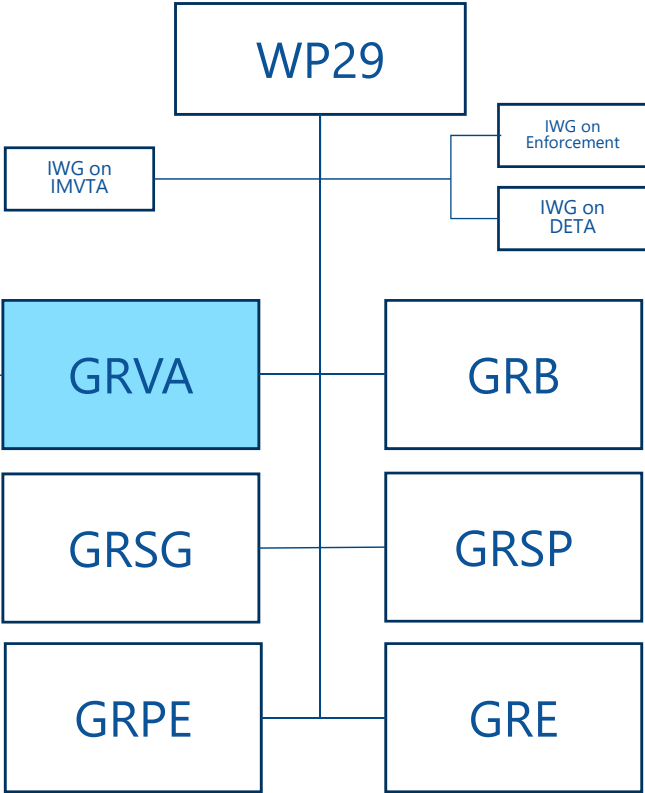
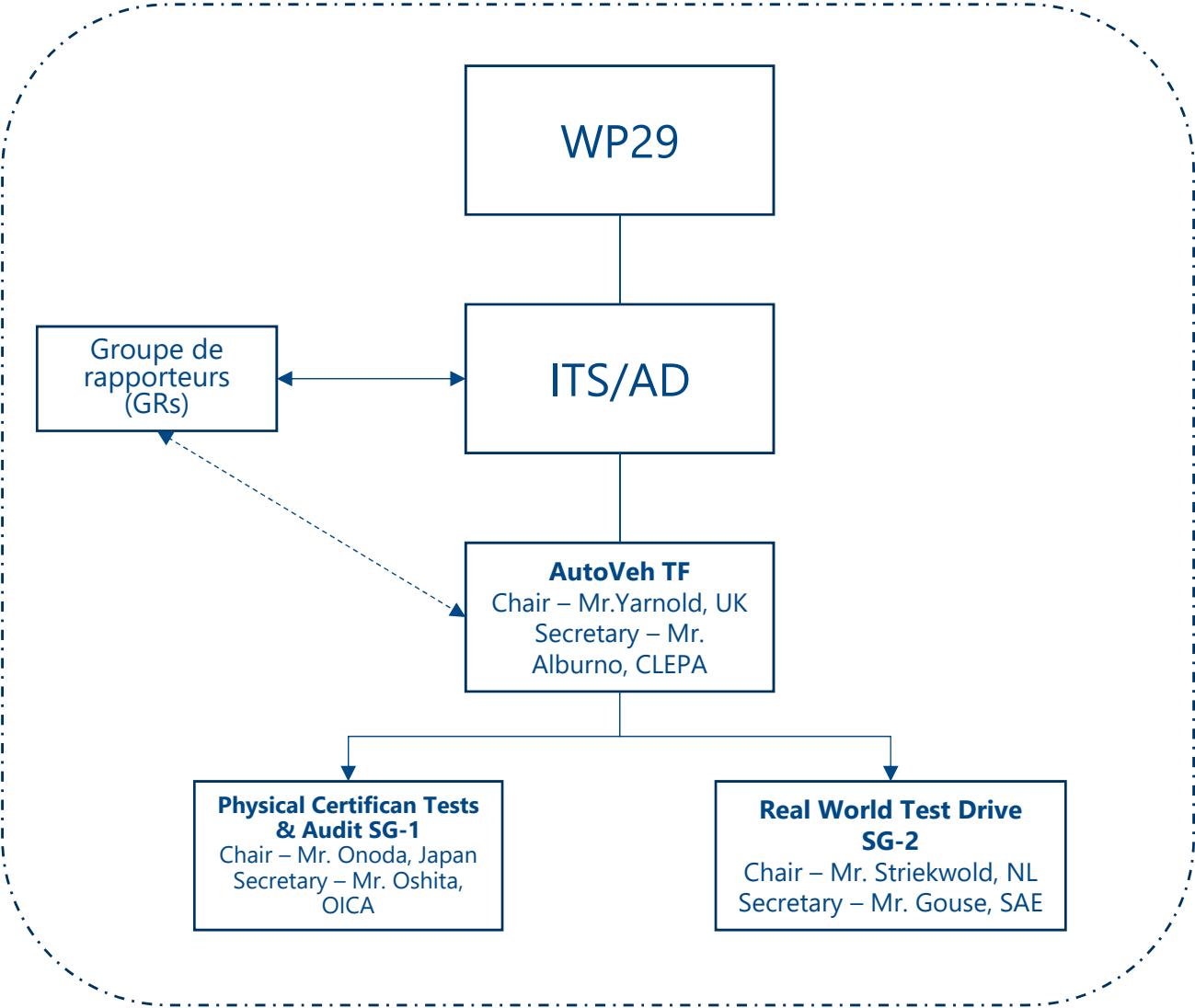
Subject: Follow-up to the decision of the Economic and Social Council

I am pleased to inform you that the Economic and Social Council (ECOSOC) at its Coordination and management meeting of 25 July 2017 adopted the recommendation of the Committee on Non-Governmental Organizations (NGOs) to grant **special** consultative status to your organization, **SAE International**. On behalf of all staff of the Non-Governmental Organizations Branch/OESC/DESA, please accept our heartfelt congratulations.



WP29

WP 29 Automated Vehicle Activities



Questions?